



# JAN GHOSHNA PATRA - II RAJASTHAN MANIFESTO

## 2023

This document has been prepared after careful examination and consideration of 3.15 crore suggestions received from every corner of the state.





# PREAMBLE

## Rajasthan Model of Social Justice and Social Security

Rajasthan has embarked on the path of demonstrating how comprehensive social security can be provided to all citizens and residents through their life cycles. The next five years will be used to comprehensively strengthen this framework and provide a model for the world to follow.

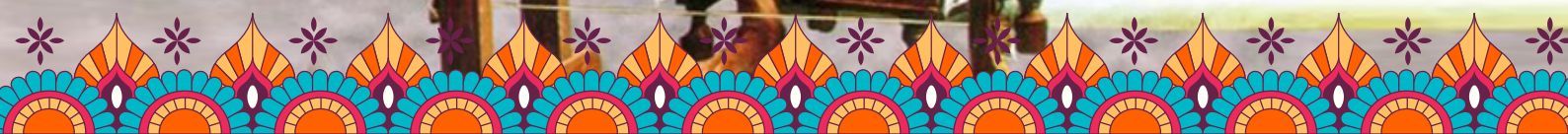
All citizens will have the right to free and equal healthcare services under a comprehensively rolled out right to health law. All citizens will also have the right to good quality and free education.

All residents of Rajasthan will have access to a social security net including accidental and medical insurance, guaranteed pensions for people who cannot work, and guaranteed employment scheme for those who can.

The Anganwadi, mid-day meal and maternity benefits will be strengthened so that no segment of the population has to suffer from hunger and malnutrition.

The basic infrastructure for electricity, sanitation, road connectivity, public transport and internet connectivity will be comprehensively strengthened by the state government.

For those who cannot afford any basic services, minimum levels of free and equal access to those services will be ensured. Rajasthan's social security model will also provide a model of social justice, based on principles of inclusion, diversity, dignity and special assistance to those individuals and community who need it to ensure equality of opportunity. A life of dignity to all farmers, workers, vulnerable groups, and all citizens will be the guiding principle of the governance model.





The Directive Principles of State Policy as laid down in the Indian Constitution will serve as a guiding light for state policy of the welfare state in Rajasthan.

In participation with citizens of the state, Rajasthan government will attempt to build a series of development and social democracy indicators to mark the progress of the state in each of the following areas-

- Social Justice and Social Harmony
- Equality of Opportunity
- Employment, Economic Security and Equity
- Transparent, Accountable and Compassionate Governance
- Environmental Protection and Ecological Security
- Disaster Management
- Urban and Rural Development
- Economic Growth

The development and social democracy index will be developed in the first year and will used as an indicator of progress in the years to come.



# FOREWORD



Our Manifesto is a document based on the policies, principles, and programs of the Congress Party. It is the unequivocal opinion of our Congress President, Shri Mallikarjun Kharge Ji, and former President, Shri Rahul Gandhi Ji, that only promises that can be fulfilled should be made. Consequently, only promises that can be fulfilled should be included in the Manifesto.

After the formation of the Congress Government in Rajasthan in 1998, 2008, and 2018, the Manifesto of our party was approved as a policy document in the first Cabinet meeting, and our government delivered on this basis for five years. 96% of the promises made in the 2018 Manifesto have been fulfilled by our government, and additional programs, though not included in the manifesto, were also undertaken. It is based on this commitment that we laid the foundation for a strong and secure future for Rajasthan and resolved to make Rajasthan the leading state in the country by 2030.

We now present the 'Manifesto' for the 2023 Legislative Assembly Elections to the people of Rajasthan, which is a roadmap to move forward towards 'Mission 2030' and make Rajasthan the No. 1 State. This vision document includes suggestions from all sections of society after detailed discussions and will guide Rajasthan's development with accelerated growth. We will take Rajasthan to the forefront of the country in the sectors of education, health, employment, social security, infrastructure, and basic amenities. We will fulfill every promise made in the 2023 Manifesto and continue our efforts to maintain social harmony. I am confident that this Manifesto will be a new chapter in the development of Rajasthan and will receive full support from the people of Rajasthan.

**Ashok Gehlot**  
**Chief Minister**  
**Government of Rajasthan**



# FOREWORD



In my capacity as the President of Rajasthan Pradesh Congress Committee, I feel proud and happy to bring this Jan Ghoshna Patra - II to you. This manifesto has been prepared after in-depth discussion about suggestions of 3.15 crore informed citizens of Rajasthan. I congratulate the efforts of the Manifesto Committee, which adopted this detailed process and captured the aspirations of the people of Rajasthan in this document. On this occasion, I want to reiterate that this manifesto is not just a document but is a blueprint of hope of every citizen of Rajasthan. As soon as we form the government, we will treat it as a vision document and start delivering the promises made in it.

During the challenging times of the pandemic, our government managed resources better and formulated schemes to ensure the safety and dignity of every individual. Now is the time to move forward and pursue the path of prosperity. Under the leadership Mr. Mallikarjun Kharge ji and Mr. Rahul Gandhi ji, the Congress Party is working to fulfill the aspirations of every individual. Rajasthan is my family and I am placing before you this Jan Ghoshna Patra - II and roadmap for progress. I am confident that we will get your unprecedented support in the upcoming elections and we will add another golden chapter of progress in the history of Rajasthan.

**Kaam Kiya Dil Se  
Congress Phir Se**

**Govind Singh Dotasra**  
President  
Rajasthan Pradesh Congress Committee



# FOREWORD



In presenting this Congress manifesto for the upcoming elections, I am proud to share the result of an extensive and inclusive process led by the drafting committee. The drafting committee's commitment has been to ensure that the voices of every sector are not only heard but actively incorporated into the fabric of this document.

We embarked on a journey of dialogue and consultation, engaging with diverse communities, experts, and stakeholders across the spectrum. The result is a manifestation of collective aspirations and concerns, a testament to the participatory spirit that underpins our democratic values. This manifesto stands as a reflection of the inclusive ethos championed by the Congress party, showcasing the rich tapestry of ideas and perspectives that shape our vision for a better, more equitable future.

**Dr. CP Joshi**  
Chairperson  
Manifesto Committee



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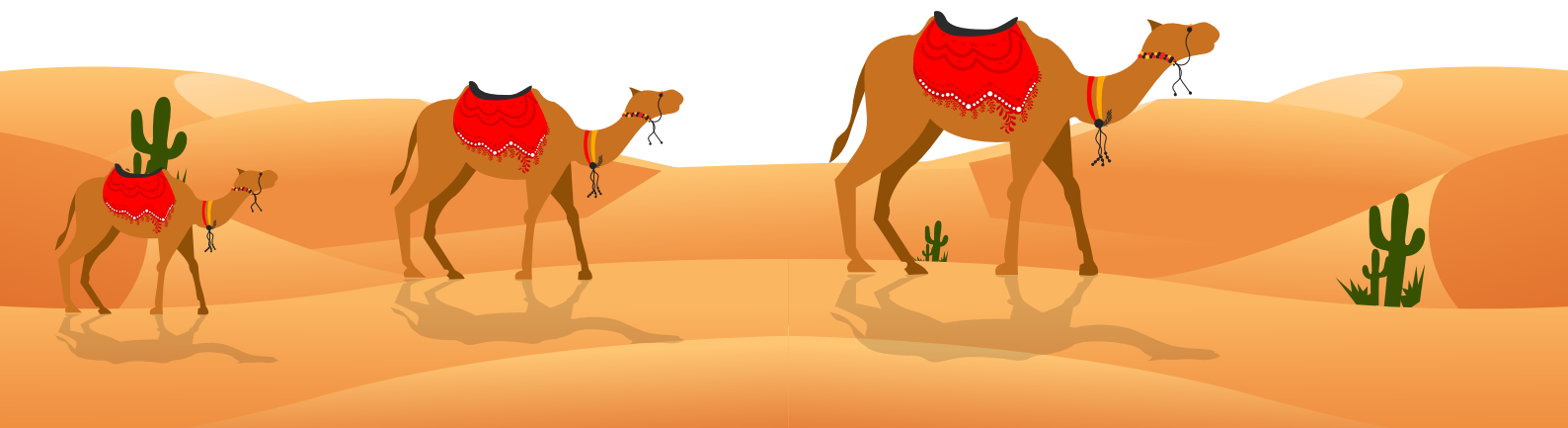
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# RAJASTHAN MARCHING AHEAD

## Highlights of Economic Progress Made So Far.....

### 01 Highlights of Economic Progress

During the tenure of the present government from 2018 to 2023, there has been significant progress in the economy of the state due to people-centric and inclusive economic policies.

- The per capita income of the state has increased by 46.48 percent. Rajasthan's position in the country regarding per capita income has progressed significantly from 30th place during the BJP's tenure in 2017-18 to 12th place during our tenure in 2022. By 2030, our goal is to elevate Rajasthan's economy to the top position in the nation.
- Under the present government's tenure in 2021-22, the state experienced a remarkable 19.50% growth rate in GSDP over the past decade, ranking it fifth nationwide.
- Witnessing a substantial surge, the annual growth rate of agriculture and its associated activities elevated to the fourth position nationwide, a notable improvement from its previous tenth-place standing during the BJP administration. The state also has experienced an 8.10% rise in food grain production in 2022, almost twice the average growth rate of the entire country.
- The state currently ranks seventh in the growth rate of manufacturing at the all-India level, whereas it was 12th during the BJP rule.
- As a result of the people-friendly tax reforms of our government, the government has increased tax revenue by 24.5% in 2021-22 and 16.7% in 2022-23, which is the highest since 2013-14.

This time the Congress Party in Rajasthan has made seven significant guarantees to the people, reflecting their commitment to address key issues and improve the lives of citizens. These guarantees focus on critical areas such as empowering women, youth, and children and strengthening social welfare programs while prioritizing the welfare of farmers. Through these guarantees, the Congress Party aims to create a more inclusive and prosperous Rajasthan, focusing on the upliftment of its people and overall development of the state.

# OUR 7 GUARANTEES FOR RAJASTHAN



## GRIHA LAKSHMI - Rs 10,000 Per Annum for Women Heads of Households

This initiative guarantees a sum of Rs 10,000 to the women head of the family annually, aiming to provide recognition and financial stability to homemakers.



## GAUDHAN - Government Purchase of Cow dung at Rs 2 per kg

Cow dung will be purchased from cow herders at Rs 2/kg. This initiative aims to bring prosperity to the cattle herders and enhance agricultural progress by increasing land fertility through the production of fertilizer.



## FREE LAPTOP/TABLET - Shaping the Future of each and every Student

Under this initiative, first-year students of government colleges will be provided with a free laptop/tablet upon admission. This will modernize education and communication, and enhance students' confidence.



## CHIRANJEEVI CALAMITY RELIEF INSURANCE - Rs 15 Lakh Insurance

Chiranjeevi Calamity Relief Insurance offers free insurance coverage of up to Rs 15 lakh to every family affected by natural disasters such as floods, storms, and famines. This insurance provides a security cover in case of such calamities.



## ENGLISH MEDIUM EDUCATION - Every Boy & Girl

Every boy and girl will have the guaranteed opportunity of receiving free English medium education. This will enable children to connect with the country and the world, increase their opportunities, and reduce the financial burden on parents.



## GAS CYLINDER AT Rs 500 - Fueling Households, Easing Burdens: (We guarantee to make it Rs.400 per LPG cylinder in the future)

We have extended the country's most affordable LPG cylinder scheme, priced at Rs 500, to families under the NFSA (National Food Security Act) and BPL (Below Poverty Line) categories too. We commit to further reduce the cost of gas cylinders to Rs 400 for Ujjwala, NFSA, and BPL families in the future.



## OPS - Preserving Pensionary Dignity:

A law will be made to ensure the implementation of the old pension scheme and to strengthen it.



# 03 Immediate Priorities of the Government after coming to power

## 1. Farmers Welfare:

- We are committed to enacting a specific law to implement the Minimum Support Price (MSP) called the **Minimum Support Price Guarantee Act**, following the Swaminathan Committee's recommendations. This will ensure fair returns to our farmers.
- **Interest-free loan from cooperative banks:** We will provide interest free agricultural loan facility of up to Rs 2 lakh to all farmers from cooperative banks.
- **Expansion of 12 Agricultural missions:** We are dedicated to “double” the 12 agricultural missions initiated by us, as outlined in the agriculture budget.
- **Agricultural Advancements:** In pursuit of a brighter future, we will introduce a **Detailed Plan for the Staggered Implementation of the Eastern Rajasthan Canal Project (ERCP)**.

## 2. Youth & Employment:

- We will create **10 lakh employment opportunities in five years**, out of which 4 lakh employment opportunities will be in government sector.
- **Recruitment at Panchayat level:** A new scheme for recruitment at the panchayat level, gradually merging with government vacancies, providing employment opportunities to youngsters at the grassroots will be formulated.
- **Employment:** To solve the employment related problems of unemployed youth, we will start “TOLL-FREE CALL CENTER” as well as ‘e-Employment Exchange’.

## 3. Women Power:

### Women Safety Measures:

- To increase the safety of women, we will ensure the **presence of CCTV cameras in public places**.
- To provide a safe environment to women, **security guards will be appointed in every village and urban ward**.
- We will take necessary steps to **reduce the average investigation time** in sexual harassment cases for speedy justice.

### Women Empowerment

- We will provide **free coupon every month** for free travel for women in state owned buses, in addition to existing discounts.
- For empowerment of women, we will provide “**Smartphone with Internet**” to the head of families covered under Mukhyamantri Nishulak Chiranjeevi Swasthya Bima Yojana.



**4. Caste Census:** Conduct a census based on caste to accurately determine population and allocate benefits for informed decisions on affirmative action.

## 5. Medical & Health:

- We will increase the amount of **Mukhyamantri Nishulk Chiranjeevi Swasthya Bima Yojana** from Rs 25 lakh to Rs 50 lakh annually.
- We will increase the facilities under free OPD/IPD in government medical institutions at the district and block level.
- **Inclusion of IVF in Mukhyamantri Nishulk Chiranjeevi Swasthya Bima Yojana:** Recognizing the profound emotional and social challenges faced by couples deprived of the joy of parenthood, we pledge to introduce a comprehensive 'In Vitro Fertilization (IVF) package' under this scheme.

**6. Education:** We will provide education facility till class 12 instead of class 8 under RTE by bringing education guarantee law in the state.

## 7. Labor and Small Business:

- **Rural Employment:** We pledge to uplift the underprivileged in rural areas by guaranteeing **150 days of employment annually from the current 125 days**, enhancing the scope of Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA).
- **Urban Employment:** We pledge to uplift the underprivileged in urban areas by guaranteeing **150 days of employment annually from the current 125 days**, enhancing the scope of urban employment under Indira Gandhi Urban Employment Guarantee Scheme (IGUEGS).
- Will implement a “**Vyapari Credit Card Scheme**” similar to the Kisan Credit Card Scheme which will provide interest free loans up to Rs 5 lakh to small traders, shopkeepers and young entrepreneurs, promoting economic growth.
- For the expansion of MSMEs, we will **expand the scope of Enterprise Incentive Scheme**.
- The **Gig Workers Welfare Act will be amended to include Auto and Taxi Drivers**, creating a more inclusive welfare system.

## 8. Personnel:

- We will introduce **legislation for strengthening the Old Pension Scheme (OPS)**.
- Introducing a fourth selected pay scale post in the existing 9-18-27 scale structure.
- Addressing pay scale discrepancies across various government cadres without delay, including ministerial staff.
- Granting APEX scale promotions in various state services

**9. Urban Development:** A special development authority will be formed for twin cities to promote urban development and prosperity.



- 10. Good Governance:** We will enact an “Accountability and Auto Service Delivery Act” for good governance.
- 11. Development of Infrastructure:** We will connect all habitations having more than 100 residents with a road network.
- 12. LPG Gas Cylinder:** We have extended the country's most affordable LPG cylinder scheme, priced at Rs 500, to families under the NFSA (National Food Security Act) and BPL (Below Poverty Line) categories too. We commit to further reduce the cost of gas cylinders to Rs 400 for Ujjwala, NFSA, and BPL families in the future.

The Indian National Congress Party's manifesto reflects our commitment to the welfare and progress of the people of Rajasthan. We believe in the power of unity, progress, and inclusivity, and we pledge to work tirelessly to realize this vision, shaping a future where the promises of prosperity are fulfilled for every citizen of our great state.





# RURAL ECONOMY & FARMERS

## 4.1 AGRICULTURE & FARMERS

In the realm of agriculture, we pledge to usher in transformative initiatives:

### 01. Direct Benefit Transfer Scheme:

Introduce a new scheme to directly compensate farmers for escalating input costs and market downturns.

### 02. Crop Insurance Reforms:

Introduce a simplified crop insurance scheme, supported by a public sector insurance company, to streamline claims procedures.

### 03. Cooperative Bank Support:

We will provide interest free farm loans up to Rs 2 lakh in cooperative banks.

### 04. Market Price Risk Insurance:

Explore options for insuring market price risk in addition to yield risk.

### 05. Power Supply Assurance:

Provide farmers with three-phase electricity for 8 hours a day from November to March each year.

### 06. Saras Dairy Support:

Increase the Procurement price of milk by the Saras Dairy appropriately to enhance farmers' income.

### 07. Agro-Mandis Development:

Launch a scheme to establish Agro-Mandis at Tehsil and block levels, fostering local agricultural markets.

### 08. Irrigation Enhancement:

Increase irrigation capacity and ensure transparent elections for Irrigation committees to prioritize effective water management.

### 09. Food Processing Units:

Establish Food Processing Units in every district to boost income generation within the agricultural sector

### 10. Farmers' Rights:

Withdraw pending cases against farmers related to their participation in protests and ensure their rights are safeguarded.

### 11. Seed Quality and Livestock Enhancement:

Focus on improving seed quality, enhancing livestock breeds, and addressing location-specific agricultural needs.



## 12. Sustainable Agriculture Promotion:

Promote sustainable practices such as natural farming, agroforestry, and eco-friendly measures like bio-fertilizers, nano-urea, and bio-pesticides.

## 13. Climate Smart Farming:

Implement a Climate Smart and Tech Empowered Farming (CSTEF) strategy to address climate challenges.

## 14. Solarization and Energy Efficiency:

Increase the solarization of irrigation pumps, on-farm refrigeration, and introduce a state-funded policy for on-farm solar systems.

## 15. Agricultural Infrastructure Development:

Expand access to marketing sites, storage facilities, and logistics infrastructure, particularly in underserved areas.

## 16. Transparent Price Discovery:

Ensure transparency in price discovery mechanisms through modern technologies, including Artificial Intelligence.

## 17. Post-Harvest Infrastructure:

Encourage public-private partnerships for the development of post-harvest agricultural infrastructure.

## 18. Cooperative Bank Strengthening:

Strengthen the financial health of cooperative banks by incorporating technological advancements for efficiency.

## 19. Academic and Institutional Strengthening:

Strengthen state agricultural universities, marketing boards, and marketing federations to enhance agricultural education, research, and marketing.

## 20. Support for Farmer Producer Organizations (FPOs):

Provide institutional and capacity-building support to empower and assist farmers through FPOs.





## 21. Policy Think-Tank:

Establish an inclusive policy think-tank for the continual reform of agricultural schemes.

## 22. Innovative Agricultural Models:

Expand Controlled Environment Agricultural Production (CEAP) and Production to Promotion (P2P) models for sustainable agriculture.

## 23. Diversification and Resistance:

Promote high-value interventions such as organic farming, protected farming, horticulture development, and food processing.

## 24. Desert Agriculture:

Develop crops resistant to desert conditions and create local desert species to harness agricultural potential in arid regions.

## 25. Biodiversity Conservation:

Conserve and promote local biodiversity to preserve the ecological balance.

## 26. Water-Efficient Crops:

Develop low-water-demanding crop varieties to ensure optimal resource utilization.

## 27. Land Rights Recognition:

Initiate the registration of sharecroppers and jotedars to secure land rights and foster agricultural stability.

## 28. Resource Accessibility:

Ensure timely availability of advanced seeds and affordable petrol and diesel for farming to support farmers' needs.

## 29. Women in Agriculture:

Target women farmers to encourage homestead gardens and horticulture, recognizing their crucial role in agriculture

## 30. Modernization of Irrigation Projects:

To improve the water use efficiency in agriculture, irrigation projects will be modernized through enhanced asset management.

## 31. Empowered committee to Advise on Irrigation needs:

Will formulate an empowered committee to look into the various irrigation needs which will work with other state governments to propose irrigation projects to be taken on priority





## 4.2 ANIMAL HUSBANDRY & FISHERIES

In the domain of animal husbandry, our commitment is unwavering:

### 01. Camel Milk Processing Plant:

Pioneer the establishment of a dairy plant dedicated to the procurement and processing of Camel milk, recognizing its significance.

### 02. Grazing Lands for Camels:

Assure ample grazing lands for camels, ensuring their well-being and the sustainability of this unique livestock.

### 03. Indigenous Livestock Conservation:

Preserve indigenous livestock breeds with a goal to secure Geographical Indication (GI) recognition, safeguarding the rich heritage of native varieties.

### 04. Nutritional Support:

Increase feed and fodder resource capacity, producing balanced cattle feed, protein feed, and area-specific mineral mixtures to meet the nutritional needs of livestock.

### 05. Animal Welfare and Security:

Enhance social security through comprehensive animal insurance, support for livestock replacement, compensation for losses, and improved banking support for the sector.

### 06. Biosecurity Lab:

Establish a modern Biosecurity Lab-3 (BSL-3) for disease diagnosis, prioritizing diseases like bird flu to ensure swift and effective responses.





### 07. Veterinary Institutes:

Expand the number of functional veterinary institutes with well-trained staff to elevate standards of animal health and care.

### 08. Livestock Breeder Training:

Create training centers for livestock breeders, empowering them with enhanced knowledge and skills to contribute effectively to the sector.

### 09. Nomadic Community Welfare:

Institute the "Charavah Welfare Board" to safeguard the rights and well-being of the nomadic community, recognizing their unique lifestyle and contributions.

### 10. Fisheries Development:

Construct modern fish landing centers and markets, providing state-of-the-art facilities and formulating a comprehensive fish marketing policy to boost the fisheries sector.

### 11. Fish Seed Production Target:

Set a target to produce 400 million fingerlings (2000 million fish seed fry) of fish seeds annually, ensuring a consistent supply of high-quality fish seeds within the state, promoting sustainable fisheries.





## 4.3 CO-OPERATIVES

Our vision for cooperative development is rooted in empowerment and efficiency:

### 01. Women's Inclusivity:

We would bring 33 percent reservation for women in cooperative institutions, championing gender equality in cooperative governance.

### 02. Digital Transformation:

Digitize all Gram Seva Sahkari Samitis, providing online services at the Gram Panchayat level to enhance transparency and efficiency in cooperative operations.

### 03. Rural Multi-Service Centers:

Elevate Gram Seva Sahkari Samitis to Multi-Service Centers (MSCs), offering diverse basic facilities in rural areas, ensuring holistic convenience for the rural population.

### 04. Empowering Women:

Strengthen and expand the network of Mahila Gram Seva Cooperative Committees, fostering increased women's participation in cooperatives.

### 05. Technologically Advanced Banking:

Expand access to cooperative banking through a state-of-the-art cooperative banking system, ensuring modern financial services for all.

### 06. Investment Promotion for Cooperative Banks:

Attract investments in cooperative banking institutions from the State Government and public sector units, expanding the deposit base and ensuring financial stability.

### 07. Technological Upgrade:

Upgrade cooperative stores technologically, enabling online marketing to reach a wider market and enhance cooperative visibility.

### 08. Supply Chain Efficiency:

Enhance supply and marketing linkages by improving coordination between various cooperative societies, fostering efficient trade and commerce.



### 09. Storage Expansion:

Expand storage facilities in cooperative marketing societies and Grain Storage Societies (GSS) to provide affordable storage options to farmers, safeguarding their produce.

### 10. Leadership Development:

Provide comprehensive training to elected members of cooperative societies to develop leadership skills, ensuring effective governance.

### 11. Diversified Subsidized Loans:

Increase the disbursement of subsidized loans for non-farming sectors, supporting economic diversity and growth in areas such as handicrafts, small-scale industries, spinning-weaving, dyeing-printing, and retail shops.

### 12. Pension Regulation:

Establish a Cooperatives Pension Regulatory Authority for employees, ensuring the well-being and security of those contributing to cooperative growth.





## 4.4 RURAL DEVELOPMENT & PANCHAYATI RAJ

In our vision for comprehensive rural development, we pledge to:

### 01. Strategic Village Planning:

Develop village master plans addressing long-term needs, integrating disaster risk reduction and management strategies.

### 02. Innovative Watershed Schemes:

Promote inventive schemes for watershed development and strive for 100% compliance with solid and liquid waste management, ensuring environmental sustainability.

### 03. Essential Infrastructure in Every Gram Panchayat:

Provide vital infrastructure, including playgrounds, sports facilities, Openair Gym, running tracks, and libraries in every Gram Panchayat.

### 04. Universal Internet Coverage:

Achieve 100% internet coverage in the entire Panchayat area, fostering connectivity and digital inclusion.

### 05. Local Revenue Generation:

Ensure each Panchayat generates revenue from local resources, devolving administrative and financial powers to Panchayati Raj Institutions (PRIs) for enhanced local governance.

### 06. Community Engagement:

Engage panchayat-level cadres and local communities, including Sathin, Sakhi, ASHAs, and Self-Help Groups, for successful government program implementation.

### 07. Empowered Women Representatives:

Empower elected women representatives with essential skills, including financial literacy, and recognize and incentivize best-performing women led Gram Panchayats.

### 08. Efficient Committee Integration:

Merge flagship committees with the Standing Committees of Gram Panchayats for streamlined functioning, ensuring digitization of processes and procedures.

### 09. Partnerships with Self-Help Groups:

Establish strong partnerships between Gram Panchayats and Self-Help Groups (SHGs), allocating at least 10% of Finance Commission Grants (FFC) to women-centric planning, Kuteer Udyog, and Handicraft tourism.

### 10. Resource Mapping and Training Institute:

Prepare a Village Panchayat Resource Mapping Report involving local representatives and build a state-of-the-art Training & Management Institute for PRI Functionaries and Elected Representatives.

### 11. Affordable Housing Relaunch:

Relaunch the Mukhyamantri Awas Yojana, combining schemes from both Central and State Governments for affordable housing to benefit eligible families.



## 12. Research Institute for Rural Development:

Establish a "Pandit Jawahar Lal Nehru Rural Development Research Institute" to promote research on the role of Panchayati Raj systems in national development.

## 13. Inclusive Governance:

Provide monthly honorariums to all the elected representatives of Panchayati Raj for their dedicated service, fostering inclusive governance.

## 14. Skill Development for Rural Youth:

Initiate skill development programs to create non-farming job opportunities, empowering rural youth for diverse career paths.

## 15. Innovation Boost:

Elevate the District Innovation Fund to ₹10 crore and introduce a Block Innovation Fund of ₹1 crore, fostering creativity and innovation at the grassroots level.

## 16. Enhanced Government Service Access:

Improve accessibility to government services, emphasizing health, education, housing, and basic services, with a special focus on vulnerable families in remote areas.

## 17. Manpower Strengthening:

Address understaffed programs by augmenting manpower and champion bottom-up convergent planning at all levels, ensuring efficient and inclusive governance

## 18. Rural Housing for All:

Fulfill the commitment to "Housing for All" in rural areas by providing housing to all remaining eligible households, ensuring dignified living conditions.

## 19. E-libraries for Knowledge Access:

Establish E-libraries under Rajiv Gandhi Seva Kendra, promoting knowledge access and digital literacy to bridge the urban-rural digital divide.





# MGNREGA (Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act)/ IGUEGS (Indira Gandhi Urban Employment Guarantee Scheme)

## 20. MGNREGA/IGUEGS Efficiency:

Facilitate direct material procurement by Gram Panchayats/Urban Bodies and ensure access to various labor welfare schemes at the Gram Panchayat/Urban Bodies level.

## 21. Extended Employment Opportunities:

We will offer 300 days of employment under the Chief Minister's Rural Employment Generation Scheme (CMREGS) for Kathori, Sahariyas, and specially-abled individuals from the current provision of 200 days of employment, and a total of 150 days for others from the current provision of 125 days of employment.

## 22. Prompt Wage Payments:

Ensure 100% wage payment within 8 days of work completion, ensuring timely compensation for the hardworking individuals.

## 23. Environmental Conservation and Climate Action:

Promote environmental conservation and climate change mitigation through initiatives such as tree plantation, development of pastureland, and establishing panchayat-level nurseries for saplings.

## 24. Fair Compensation for MGNREGA/IGUEGS Workers:

Commit to revising the daily wages and travel allowance for workers under the MGNREGA/IGUEGS, ensuring fair compensation.

## 25. EPF Scheme Inclusion:

We will urge the Union government to bring the MGNREGA/IGUEGS workers under the Employee Provident Fund (EPF) scheme for their financial well-being and long-term security.

## 26. Accidental Insurance for Workers:

Guarantee every MGNREGA/IGUEGS worker is insured under an accidental insurance scheme, providing them with essential coverage and protection.

## 27. Social Audit System Enhancement:

Review and revise the social audit systems for MGNREGA/IGUEGS, ensuring transparency, accountability, and effectiveness in the implementation of rural employment programs.



# RGAVP (Rajasthan Grameen Aajeevika Vikas Parishad)

## 28. Enhanced Credit Access for SHGs:

Improve credit availability to Self-Help Groups (SHGs), fostering financial independence and entrepreneurial initiatives.

## 29. Women-Centric Financial Institution:

Establish the Rajasthan Mahila Nidhi as the Apex Institution, providing subsidized loans to women through Cluster Level Federations (CLFs) and benefiting 30 lakh households through agriculture and livestock programs.

## 30. Producer Organization Promotion:

Promote the establishment of 4,200 producer organizations, facilitating collaborative ventures and amplifying the impact of agricultural and non-farm initiatives.

## 31. Financial Stability of CLFs:

Ensure that 70% of Cluster Level Federations (CLFs) become financially self-sustained, bolstering their resilience and longevity.

## 32. Integrated Infrastructure for CLFs:

Provide essential infrastructure facilities for procurement, value addition, and marketing of both farm and non-farm products at each CLF, fostering comprehensive economic growth.

## 33. Rural Economic Zones:

Establish a Rural Economic Zone at each CLF level, creating hubs of economic activity and opportunities.

## 34. Grameen Haat and Facilitation Centres:

Introduce Grameen Haat and Facilitation Centres at all district headquarters, promoting local commerce and accessibility.

## 35. Co-Working Spaces for SHGs:

Develop co-working spaces dedicated to SHGs' economic activities, encouraging collaboration and innovation.

## 36. Government Procurement Support:

Increase the government's procurement limit from SHGs, providing expanded market access for their products.





### 37. Empowering SHGs in Audit and Transparency:

Strengthen the role of SHGs in audit and transparency efforts at the panchayat level, ensuring accountability in financial practices

### 38. Development for SHG Women:

Introduce a leadership course under Rajeevika to promote the emergence of next-generation leaders among SHG women members, nurturing leadership skills and empowering them to lead and inspire.





# YOUTH POWER

## 5.1 YOUTH DEVELOPMENT & SPORTS

### Inclusive Development

#### 01. Commitment to Inclusive Development:

Ensuring the participation of all 18 special youth groups in Rajasthan's New State Youth Policy, fostering non-discriminatory development.

#### 02. Youth in Leadership:

Increasing youth participation in leadership positions within community organizations, institutions, and government bodies, encouraging active engagement in political processes and civic activities.

#### 03. Leadership and Personality Development:

Expanding leadership and personality development programs for young individuals in schools and communities, including special youth groups.

#### 04. Volunteer Training Platforms:

Providing volunteer training and management platforms to empower youth across the state.

#### 05. Service-Learning Opportunities:

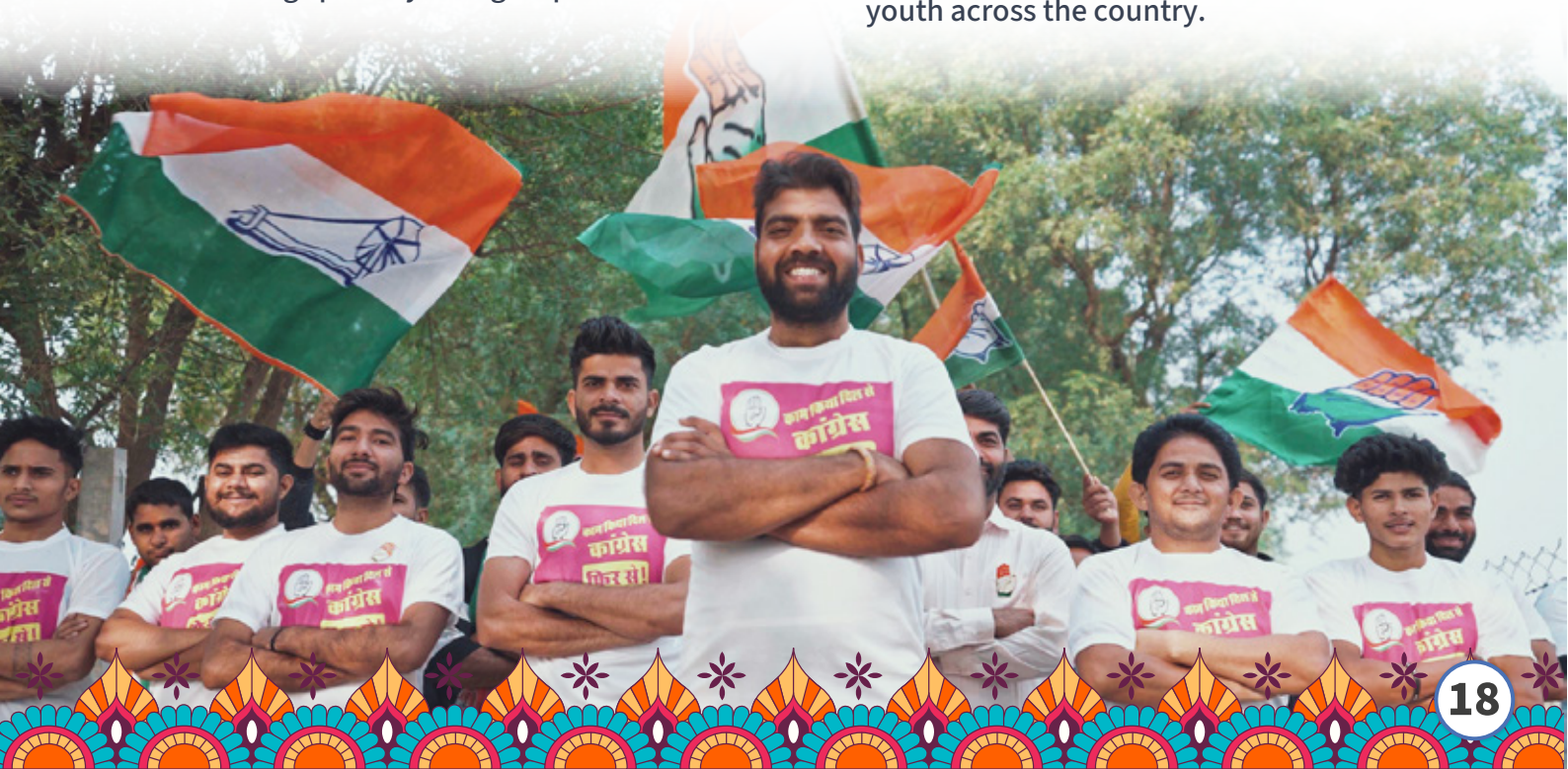
Establishing service-learning opportunities in colleges and schools, offering credits for volunteering hours linked to school and university assessments.

#### 06. Exchange of Experiences:

Intensifying the exchange of experiences among young achievers, PRI leaders, NYK volunteers, NCC, NSS, Scout & Guides, and women SHGs.

#### 07. Rajiv Gandhi National Youth Exchange Program:

Continuing the program to promote cross-learning and sharing among youth across the country.





# Sports Infrastructure and Development

## 08. Strengthening Sports Infrastructure:

Commitment to developing and strengthening sports infrastructure at Gram Panchayat, block, district, and divisional levels.

## 09. Civic Engagement:

Encouraging youth to engage in civic activities and initiate social projects to address pressing issues.

## 10. Centers of Excellence (CoEs):

Establishing CoEs at divisional levels to support athletes excelling at the state and national levels in sports.

## 11. Capacity Building:

Providing capacity-building programs and support to enhance the skills of sports professionals, including coaches, technical staff, and managers.

## 12. Digital Literacy Clubs:

Establishing digital literacy clubs at every Gram Panchayat and block level.

## 13. Organizing Sports Events:

Planning to organize events like the Rajiv Gandhi Olympic Games (Rural and Urban) systematically, including international, national, state, and district-level sports events.

## 14. Digitalization of Sports Department:

Commitment to ensuring the digitalization of the Sports Department at all levels for improved sports administration, plan implementation, promotion, training, and social media engagement.

## 15. Quality Coaches:

Appointing or hiring quality coaches to work with youth at all levels, from grassroots to elite levels.

## 16. New Sports Facilities:

Establishing new sports facilities, including all-weather swimming pools and synthetic athletics tracks at district headquarters.

## 17. Promoting Local Indigenous Sports:

Promoting local indigenous and traditional sports like archery, kabaddi, hockey, and kho-kho in alignment with youth interests.

## 18. Local Talent Search and Support:

Facilitating the formation of village-level 'Khel Mitra' cadres to identify and support local talent and also through the Rajasthan Grameen Olympics.



## Youth Employment and Skill Development

### 19. Annual 'Rural Olympics':

Organizing events like the 'Rural Olympics' every year to ensure players receive ample sports opportunities.

### 20. Well-Equipped Sports Hostels and Academies:

Constructing well-equipped Sports Hostels and Sports Academies at district and state levels

### 21. World-Class Training:

Providing world-class training and coaching to exceptional young athletes with outstanding performance.

## Youth Leadership and Participation

### 22. Youth Leadership Development:

Commitment to youth leadership development in schools, colleges, and active participation in local governance platforms like gram sabhas.

### 23. Platforms for Youth Concerns:

Recognizing the need for platforms where youth can express their concerns and engage in decision-making, including representation in Gram Sabhas.

### 24. Feedback Mechanisms:

Creating platforms for youth to provide feedback on ongoing development programs in villages and cities, ensuring accountability and quality.

### 25. IEC and Awareness Programs:

Conducting Information, Education, and Communication (IEC) programs for various state schemes and awareness through the Rajasthan Youth Board.

### 26. Enhanced Budget for Youth Activities:

Increasing the budget allocated for personality development of students and activities such as Scouts and Guides, NCC, NSS, and sports culture.

### 27. Legislative Fellowship:

Initiating a Legislative Fellowship similar to the Parliamentary Fellowship, providing youth leaders the opportunity to work with MLAs and ministers.



## 28. Rajiv Gandhi Yuva Mitra:

Developing a cadre of youth as Rajiv Gandhi Yuva Mitra under Rajiv Gandhi Yuva Core to build awareness about government welfare schemes and programs.

## 29. Youth Councils and Parliaments:

Organizing youth councils and parliaments at the Gram Panchayat level with adequate representation from all communities to ensure youth issues are not neglected.

## 30. Targeted Programs for Disadvantaged Youth:

Launching targeted awareness and capacity-building programs for disadvantaged youth.

## 31. Strengthening Gig Workers Welfare Act:

Further strengthening and operationalizing the Gig Workers Welfare Act.

## 32. Youth Hangouts:

Creating places where young people can meet, learn, and work together on projects, fostering creativity and skill development.

## 33. Retention of At-Risk Youth:

Commitment to retaining youth at risk of dropping out, ensuring they stay engaged and on the path to a brighter future.

## 34. Career Guidance Centers:

Establishing career guidance centers in schools and colleges to assist students in making informed decisions about their education and future career paths, preventing dropouts.





## NEET (Not in Education, Employment, or Training) Youth

### 35. Practical Skills for NEET (Not in Education, Employment, or Training) Youth:

Easing the acquisition of practical skills leading to good job opportunities for NEET (Not in Education, Employment, or Training) youth.

### 36. Job Opportunities in Smaller Towns:

Encouraging the establishment of businesses and industries in smaller towns and rural areas to create job opportunities closer to home for NEET youth.

### 37. Networking and Skill Development:

Organizing events, workshops, and networking sessions to connect NEET youth with potential employers and mentors.

### 38. Promoting Sports, Arts, and Creativity:

Encouraging NEET youth to participate in sports, engage in artistic endeavors, and unleash their creativity for confidence building and acquiring new skills.

### 39. Specific Learning Programs for NEET Youth:

Developing targeted learning programs to support the unique needs of NEET youth.

### 40. Collaboration with Private Sector:

Collaborating with private sector organizations to create apprenticeship programs and internship opportunities for NEET youth, enhancing their job prospects.





## 5.2 EMPLOYMENT & LABOUR

In our commitment to employability for all, we vow to:

### 01. Job Creation:

Our commitment is to create 20 million jobs in Rajasthan by 2047, fostering economic growth and prosperity for our youth.

### 02. Gig Workers Inclusion:

Recognizing the importance of gig workers, we will bring auto and taxi drivers into the fold of gig workers to provide them with equal benefits.

### 03. Credit Access Expansion:

Expanding the Indira Gandhi Shabri Credit Card Scheme, we will enhance credit facilities for street vendors and small business entrepreneurs without collateral.

### 04. Street Vendors Empowerment:

Effectively implementing the Street Vendors Act and Rules, we'll use generated revenue for the welfare of street vendors.

### 05. Youth Employment Skills:

Conducting skill and gap analysis for youth employment, engaging industry experts to understand current and future skill demands.

### 06. Asynchronous Learning:

Promoting certificate courses with asynchronous learning, allowing youth to study at their own pace.

### 07. Performance-Based Financing:

Introducing performance-based financing for skills programs, aligning training institutions with industry needs.

### 08. Employment Initiatives:

Launching initiatives connecting learners with employment opportunities and promoting entrepreneurship.

### 09. Technology Integration:

Adopting new technologies in designing and delivering technical and vocational education programs.

### 10. Global Exposure:

Collaborating with international institutions to provide global exposure and expertise to our youth.

### 11. Online Skill Portal:

Creating a comprehensive online portal for skill development resources, making learning accessible.

### 12. Mayday Holiday:

Declaring Mayday a holiday in honor of laborers, acknowledging their significant contributions.

### 13. Women's Employment Office:

Establishing a dedicated Women's Employment Office at the divisional level to facilitate services for women.



- 14. Empowering Differently-Abled:**  
Setting up a dedicated Divyangjan Employment Office to cater to the employment needs of differently-abled individuals.
- 15. Model Career Centers:**  
Establishing Model Career Centers at every district headquarters to support career development.
- 16. Social Security Code:**  
Efforts to implement the new Social Security Code-2020 in the state for the benefit of workers.
- 17. Simplified Loan Processes:**  
Simplifying processes for taking loans for starting an enterprise and ensuring accessible loan schemes, especially for MSMEs.
- 18. Enterprise Education:**  
Integrating enterprise education into school curricula to generate interest and align with market needs.
- 19. Employment Fairs:**  
Organizing regular employment fairs (Rozgaar Melas) to connect job seekers with opportunities.
- 20. Industry Linkages:**  
Linking Industrial Training Institutes and technical institutions with private or government industries for hands-on experience.
- 21. Local Job Creation:**  
Facilitating the creation of jobs at the local level, promoting small-scale industries and youth participation.
- 22. Awareness Drives:**  
Running awareness drives to inform youth about various skill-building programs and government schemes.
- 23. Paper Leak Prevention:**  
Implementing measures and stringent punishments to curb incidents of paper leaks for competitive exams.
- 24. Boarding & Lodging Support:**  
Providing basic boarding, lodging services, and insurance to youths traveling for competitive examinations.
- 25. Examination Calendar Fixation:**  
Fixing an examination calendar for the Rajasthan State Public Service Commission for regular and timely exams.
- 26. Candidate Prioritization:**  
Prioritizing candidates from Rajasthan in REET exams to ensure local opportunities.
- 27. Youth in NSS and NCC:**  
Giving preference to NSS and other scouts, along with NCC scouts, in government jobs.
- 28. Modernizing Agriculture Studies:**  
Modernizing and making agriculture-related studies more attractive to youth, promoting organic farming.
- 29. Agricultural Universities Expansion:**  
Establishing more agricultural universities and institutions in various districts, providing modern courses.
- 30. CSR Collaboration:**  
Collaborating with CSR initiatives to support youth for start-ups and entrepreneurship.





### **31. Youth Board Career Cell:**

Creating a career and placement cell in the Rajasthan Youth Board, connecting youth with job opportunities.

### **32. Digital Skill Development Center:**

Establishing a Rajasthan Digital Skill Development Center to upskill our youth for the digital era.

### **33. Unemployment Assistance Board:**

Forming an Unemployment Assistance Board/Commission to provide career assistance and guidance.

### **34. Youth Counseling Centers:**

Opening Youth Counseling Centers in each district through public-private partnership, offering a single window system for information.

### **35. Startup Support Committee:**

Forming a committee to guide youth startups and businesses, contributing to the state's development.

### **36. iStart Promotion:**

Allocating funds to iStart mentorship programs, doubling funding from 5 crores to 10 crores INR.

### **37. Startup Motivation:**

Motivating and supporting youth for start-ups, establishing the Rajasthan Venture Capital Fund.

### **38. Incubation Centers:**

Developing incubation centers for innovations and consortium marketing support for young entrepreneurs.

### **39. Mahatma Gandhi Basic Education Centres:**

Providing vocational training and experience for students in grades 11 and 12.

### **40. Agripreneurship Promotion:**

Promoting Agri Innovation and Agri-entrepreneurship

### **41. Home Guard Welfare Board:**

For the welfare of Home Guards, a "Home Guard Welfare Board" shall be established. Also, the Rajasthan Home Guard Act 1962 shall be amended wherein the word "volunteer" shall be removed and replaced with "permanentization".





# 6. WOMEN

## WOMEN EMPOWERMENT

### Making Public Spaces and Society Safe for Women

- 01. Installation of CCTV Cameras:**  
Ensure the installation of CCTV cameras at public spaces to enhance security for women.
- 02. Decrease Investigation Time:**  
Decrease the average investigation time for cases of sexual assault to expedite justice.
- 03. Upgrading Public Spaces:**  
Upgrade public spaces like libraries, parks, recreational centers, stadiums, and youth centers to make them safe for women.
- 04. Addressing Violence:**  
Address all forms of violence against women, including domestic violence, sexual abuse, dowry issues, early and forced marriages.
- 05. Self-Defence Training:**  
Provide self-defence training to girls to enhance their safety and confidence. The program shall be made mandatory in all Government Schools.
- 06. Upgraded Youth Hostels:**  
Upgrade youth hostels in each district with separate provision of CCTV cameras and female wardens in girl's hostels.
- 07. Regular Visits for Safety:**  
Ensure regular visits of police officers, senior administrative officers, and Nirbhaya Squad to schools, colleges, and hostels, especially for girls to address their safety concerns.
- 08. Women's Courts:**  
Formation of women's courts on the lines of women's police stations for addressing legal matters concerning women.
- 09. Speedy Police Complaint Registration:**  
Speedy registration of police complaints by women to provide swift redressal.
- 10. Activation of CASH Committee:**  
Activate the Committee Against Sexual Harassment (CASH) in all government offices, educational institutions, and courts. Regular monitoring of committee meetings.



## Addressing Health Needs of Women

### 11. Malnutrition Addressal:

Address malnutrition in all its forms and meet internationally agreed-upon targets.

### 12. Nutritional Needs:

Cater to the nutritional needs of women and adolescent girls.

### 13. Strengthen PCPNDT Act:

Strengthen the implementation of the Pre-Conception and Pre-Natal Diagnostic Techniques (PCPNDT) Act, including capacity building, awareness campaigns, and effective prosecution for cases reported under the Act.

### 14. Safe Water and Sanitation:

Improve access to safe and clean water, sanitation, and hygiene practices in various settings, including service delivery institutions, offices, public places, private organizations, women's prisons, and shelter homes for women and girls.

### 15. Maternal and Child Health:

Enhance maternal and child health and nutrition by providing full antenatal care services, promoting institutional delivery, postnatal care, and complete immunization for newborns.

### 16. Menstrual Cycle Relaxation:

Propose a scheme for special leave to be availed by women during their menstrual cycle.

## Promoting Gender Equality and Closing Gender Gaps

### 17. Equal Access to Resources:

Ensure gender equality in access to basic resources across sectors.

### 18. Expanded Loan Services:

Expand loan services for urban and rural women, with preferential loan provisions for women's Self-Help Groups (SHGs).

### 19. Utilization of Government/Community Centers:

Provision to utilize vacant government/community centers for SHG activities.

### 20. Involvement of SHGs in Public Kitchens:

Involve women SHGs in the efficient functioning of public kitchens like Indira Rasoi.

### 21. Women's Hostels:

Establish women's hostels in every district to accommodate students and employees.

### 22. Gender-Disaggregated Statistics:

Generate gender-disaggregated statistics to monitor progress on gender equality.



### **23. Technical and Vocational Education:**

Bridge coverage gaps and introduce new programs and courses for technical and vocational education to equip women and girls with 21st-century skills.

### **24. Equal Employment Opportunities:**

Promote full and productive employment, decent work, and equal pay for women.

### **25. Accessible Higher Education:**

Make higher education easily accessible for girls and other vulnerable youth.

### **26. Reducing Gender Gap in Skilling:**

Reduce the gender gap in skilling and address skill-related stereotypes.

### **27. Vocational Education in Government Colleges:**

Start vocational education in government colleges for girls not pursuing higher education.

### **28. Special Handholding for Dalit Women Panchayat Leaders:**

Initiate a special handholding and training program for Dalit women panchayat leaders.

### **29. Focus on Women in Unorganized Sector:**

Women working in the unorganized sector to be a special focus group with separate gender budgeting for their safety and development.

### **30. Incentivizing Women in Agriculture:**

Provide priority to women in agriculture, incentivizing practices like organic farming.

### **31. Interest-Free Loan for Widows/ Single Mothers:**

Widow/Single mothers to avail an interest-free loan for the education of their offspring in higher education.





# EDUCATION

## 7. Inclusive & Quality Education

In our commitment towards transformative education, we vow to:

### 01. New State Education Policy:

Introduce a new State Education Policy to address current and future educational needs.

### 02. Teacher Post Sanction:

Fill all sanctioned teacher posts in schools in adherence to the norms of the Right to Education Act, ensuring adequate staffing.

### 03. Transparent Transfer Policy:

Introduce a new transparent Transfer Policy for teacher transfers, promoting efficiency and fairness.

### 04. Model Schools Doubling:

Double the number of Model schools established in the state, creating enhanced learning environments.

### 05. Increased Education Budget:

Significantly increase the allocated budget for education, prioritizing comprehensive development.

### 06. Community Participation in School Administration:

Strive for institutionalized community participation in school administration, involving consultations in decisions related to school closure and new school establishments.

### 07. Enhanced Midday Meals Scheme:

Improve the Midday meals scheme by introducing more nutritious food and increasing the wages of the staff implementing the scheme.

### 08. Bal Gopal Yojna Strengthening:

Strengthen the Bal Gopal Yojna by providing alternatively dry and hot breakfast for three days each in schools.

### 09. Common School System for Equity:

Move towards a Common School System for equity in education, reducing inequality in teacher availability and infrastructure between remote areas and urban centers.

### 10. Inclusive Education for Marginalized Communities:

Bring children from marginalized communities under mainstream education, ensuring inclusivity.

### 11. Teacher Training Enhancement:

Review and enhance capacity-building training programs for government school teachers, promoting continuous professional development.



## 12. Residential Schools for Nomadic Tribes:

Establish new residential schools for nomadic tribes, similar to Navodaya Vidyalaya, and provide scholarships for their students.

## 13. Digitization of Government Schools:

Ensure all government schools in the state are digitized, transforming classrooms into smart classrooms.

## 14. Focus on Technical and Business Education:

Provide impetus to technical education and business education in the state, aligning education with industry requirements.

## 15. University Pension Crisis:

Address the longstanding pension crisis in universities and ensure financial stability.

## 16. Indian Constitution Training in Universities:

Introduce a training and education program on the Indian Constitution in universities across the state.

## 17. Internship Program for University Students:

Introduce an "Internship Program" for state university students in government departments, providing practical experience.

## 18. Rajiv Gandhi Scholarship Expansion:

Increase the number of scholarships under Rajiv Gandhi Scholarship for Academic Excellence, supporting deserving students.

## 19. Curriculum Reform for Job-Oriented Skills:

Reform the curriculum to include job-oriented skills and foster industry collaboration.

## 20. Interactive Text and Reference Books:

Prepare high-quality interactive text and reference books for a more engaging learning experience.

## 21. State Library Digitization:

Digitize all existing state libraries and establish new libraries in Ambedkar Bhavan at the Gram Panchayat Level.

## 22. Student Loan Schemes:

Initiate schemes for providing student loans, such as student credit cards, facilitating access to education.

## 23. Competitive Examination Centers:

Establish competitive examination/efficiency centers in colleges and universities, supporting academic growth.

## 24. Education Institutions Expansion:

Expand and establish institutions to achieve a Gross Enrolment Ratio of 40 in higher education by 2030, ensuring access to quality education.



## 25. Medical and Dental Colleges Development:

Upgrade government medical colleges to AIIMS standards, establish government dental colleges in every division, and expand pharmacy, nursing, and paramedical colleges.

## 26. Flexible Vocational Courses:

Provide flexible vocational courses in college education, aligning education with diverse career paths

## 27. Inclusive Curriculum for Children with Special Needs:

Develop a comprehensive curriculum for children with special needs, ensuring inclusive education.

## 28. Ethical Values Integration:

Include ethical values in education, and foster holistic development.





# HEALTH

## 8.1 HEALTH & FAMILY WELFARE

In our unwavering commitment to a holistic healthcare approach, we pledge to:

**Mukhyamantri Chiranjeevi Nishulk Swastha Bhima Yojana:** Witnessing the triumph of our revolutionary initiative, we will enhance the limit for free medical treatment from current Rs 25 lakhs to Rs 50 lakhs.

### 01. Exemplary Healthcare Services:

In line with the revolutionary “Mukhyamantri Chiranjeevi Nishulk Swastha Bhima Yojana” we undertake to deliver high-quality healthcare services, covering preventive, promotive, curative, rehabilitative, and palliative care. Regularly update treatment guidelines based on cutting-edge research and evidence-based practices.

### 02. Community Health Center (CHC) and Primary Health Center (PHC) Enhancement:

Expand and modernize CHCs and PHCs, offering comprehensive medical services at the CHC level under one roof. Expansion decisions will consider usage and geographic location for improved healthcare accessibility.

### 03. Tailored Healthcare Strategies:

Develop region-specific healthcare strategies for diverse areas, including remote, hilly, tribal, and desert regions. Utilize GPS-enabled ambulances to ensure timely services.

### 04. Health Human Resource Policy:

Prioritize transparent recruitment, placement, transfer, and promotion of medical, nursing, and paramedical staff. Incentivize health workers in remote areas, promoting equitable access to skilled professionals.

### 05. Capacity Building:

Invest in continuous education and capacity building for healthcare staff, establishing training institutes at divisional and district levels to enhance leadership and technical competencies.

### 06. Tele-Medicine Service:

Introduce a government-owned mobile app-based telemedicine service, advancing healthcare accessibility.

### 07. State-of-the-Art Trauma Centers:

Establish cutting-edge Trauma Centers to deliver rapid and efficient emergency care.

### 08. RGHS Card Enhancement:

Recognize the escalating medical care costs by increasing the outdoor expense limit for RGHS cardholders from Rs. 20,000 to Rs. 40,000.

### 09. Community Participation Strengthening:

Fortify community participation through structures like Village Health and Sanitation Committee, Jan Aroghya Samhiti, Mahila Aroghya samhiti, and Rajasthan Medicare Relief Society.





## 10. e-Upkaran and e-Aushadhi Systems Advancement:

Enhance the e-Upkaran and e-Aushadhi systems to create a reliable and efficient supply chain for medicines, equipment, logistics, and vaccines.

## 11. Certification of Health Centers:

Certify all health centers and hospitals with NABH, NQAS, MusQan, LaQshya, KayaKalp certifications, ensuring the highest quality healthcare services. Laboratories will be certified as NABL.

## 12. Gender Equity in Healthcare:

Strive for gender equity, focusing on achieving a balanced sex ratio at birth, improving child sex ratios, and enhancing healthcare access for women.

## 13. Surveillance System Reinforcement:

Strengthen the surveillance system to identify, predict, prevent, and rapidly respond to communicable disease outbreaks

## 14. Non-Communicable Diseases Management:

Use tele-consultation and telemedicine to prevent and manage non-communicable diseases, improving healthcare accessibility.

## 15. Community-Based CPHC Services:

Extend accessible CPHC services closer to people's homes, bringing services to the village level.

## 16. Janta Clinics Establishment:

Establish Janta Clinics in every urban ward, and implement robust emergency response systems, including air ambulances at state and district levels.

## 17. Organ Donation Leadership:

Aspire to become a leader in organ donation, strengthening organ retrieval facilities in all medical colleges and organ transplant centers.

## 18. Medical Value Tourism Promotion:

Promote medical value tourism by offering world-class healthcare facilities and services, including cardiac surgeries, organ transplants, joint replacements, and cosmetic surgeries.

## 19. AYUSH Collaboration for Wellness Centers:

Collaborate with traditional AYUSH medicine systems to establish wellness and rejuvenation centers at key religious and tourist locations

## 20. Youth-Friendly Health Services:

Ensure the provision of youth-friendly health services, strengthen RKSK, and create awareness about various health programs for youth.

## 21. Community Fitness Programs:

Promote community fitness programs to encourage physical activity and a healthy lifestyle.



## 22. Mental Health Support for Youth:

Address mental health challenges among youth by appointing psychological counselors in senior secondary schools, colleges, and technical training institutes.

## 23. Tobacco Control Measures:

Strengthen tobacco control through appropriate legislation, and provide support for victims of substance abuse through de-addiction centers and community-level mechanisms for rehabilitation and relapse prevention.

## 24. Expanded Healthcare Services:

Expand healthcare services from pre-birth to the last day, establishing PHCs with one doctor in Panchayats with a population of 4,000.

## 25. Silicosis Prevention:

Employ effective measures, including AI-based tools, to reduce new silicosis cases and establish health surveillance programs in silicosis-prone units.

## 26. Sickle Cell Anemia Programs in Tribal Areas:

Implement innovative programs in tribal areas to address the prevalence of sickle cell anemia.





## 8.2 FOOD SECURITY

In our steadfast commitment to inclusive governance, we pledge to:

### 01. Strengthening Annapurna Food Packet Scheme:

Enhance the Annapurna Food Packet Scheme through rights-based legislation in the state, securing the welfare of our citizens.

### 02. State Government Food Safety Scheme:

People not eligible for the NFSA but genuinely in need of support to be brought under a special scheme formulated by the State Government.

### 03. Year-Round Registration:

Guarantee continuous registration throughout the year, allowing individuals to avail the benefits of the National Food Security Act.

### 04. Augmentation of Central Government Quota:

The Government of Rajasthan will bridge gaps in the central government quota to ensure the effective implementation of the Food Security Act.

### 05. One Nation, One Ration Card Implementation:

Ensure the seamless implementation of the One Nation, One Ration Card system to address the needs of the underprivileged.

### 06. Combatting System Leakages:

Implement effective measures to combat system leakages, fostering a transparent and accountable distribution system.

### 07. Electronic Payment Methods:

Introduce electronic payment methods to guarantee prompt dues for Fair Price Shop (FPS) dealers. Implement GPS tracking for optimized delivery routes, ensuring efficient service delivery.





# INFRASTRUCTURE

## 9.1 DRINKING WATER

In our commitment to water sustainability and public welfare, we vow to:

### 01. Comprehensive Clean Water Law:

Enact a comprehensive law for clean water, ensuring universal access to safe and clean drinking water in every household.

### 02. Long-Term Drinking Water Security:

Shift from groundwater to a surface-based water supply, prioritizing long-term drinking water security. Implement major projects like the Indira Gandhi Canal and the Eastern Rajasthan Canal Project for this transition.

### 03. Water Conservation Focus:

Prioritize water conservation efforts, leveraging advanced technologies like SCADA and leak detection to reduce conveyance loss and Non-Revenue Water (NRW).

### 04. Accessible Water Dispensing Kiosks:

Establish water dispensing kiosks in areas without piped water connections, providing accessible water sources for all.

### 05. Inclusive Water Connection Initiatives:

Offer subsidized or free water connections for urban poor and slum residents, with nominal charges for others.

### 06. Metered Connections Implementation:

Introduce water meters and transition from unmetered to metered connections within five years for efficient water management.

### 07. Equitable Water Distribution:

Promote equitable water distribution to address regional disparities and combat climate challenges through inter-basin water transfer synergy.

### 08. Monitoring Infrastructure Upgrade:

Upgrade monitoring infrastructure, increase water level monitoring frequency, and ensure accurate groundwater assessment data.

### 09. Groundwater Recharge Studies:

Conduct GIS-based aquifer studies to evaluate groundwater recharge potential and assess the feasibility of rainwater harvesting.

### 10. Integrated Management Information System (IMIS):

Implement an Integrated Management Information System (IMIS) to capture operational data in the drinking water sector for efficient management.



## 11. Real-Time Data Acquisition:

Enhance real-time data acquisition and rainfall information systems to improve decision-making processes.

## 12. Safe Wastewater Reuse:

Encourage the safe reuse of treated wastewater for agriculture and industry, promoting sustainable water practices.

## 13. Resource Recovery and Pollution Control:

Establish integrated resource recovery and pollution control centers for wastewater treatment and resource extraction.

## 14. Technology Investment for Resource Recovery:

Invest in technologies to recover valuable resources from wastewater treatment plants, ensuring environmental sustainability.

## 15. Water Loss Minimization:

Establish a specialized cell to minimize water losses in the supply system, optimizing water distribution efficiency.

## 16. Utilities of the Future (UoF) Cultivation:

Develop internal capabilities and foster a culture of continuous improvement for water utilities to evolve into "Utilities of the Future (UoF)."

## 17. Knowledge Creation and Dissemination:

Enhance knowledge creation and dissemination, fostering collaboration and learning opportunities for utilities and water resource departments.





## 9.2 ENERGY

Our commitment aims to transform the power sector in Rajasthan, making it economically viable, environmentally sustainable, and technologically advanced by 2030.

### 01. Economic Viability by 2030:

Committing to make the power sector economically viable by 2030.

### 02. Reduce Discom Losses:

Aiming to reduce distribution company (discom) losses to below 10%, ensuring financial sustainability.

### 03. Minimize Technical and Commercial Losses:

Implementing measures to minimize technical and commercial losses in the electricity distribution process.

### 04. Integrated Resource Planning (IRP):

Institutionalizing integrated resource planning at the discom level to manage the integration of variable renewable energy sources effectively.

### 05. Efficient Subsidy Management:

Managing subsidy demands more effectively, improving the efficiency of consumer services.

### 06. Digital Consumption Management:

Enhancing consumers' ability to manage electricity consumption digitally, promoting awareness and efficiency.

### 07. Direct Benefits to the Poor:

Delivering the benefits of clean and low-cost power directly to the poor and ensuring efficient subsidy utilization.

### 08. Solar Irrigation Pumps:

Expanding the deployment of solar irrigation pumps for reliable daytime access to irrigation in agriculture.

### 09. Rooftop Solar Systems:

Supporting the use of rooftop solar systems for both residential and commercial sectors.

### 10. Solar Energy in Agriculture:

Strategizing to meet half of the agricultural energy demand from solar energy by 2030.

### 11. Optimal Water Use:

Encouraging optimal water use and discouraging environmentally damaging water mining.

### 12. Solar Rooftop Infrastructure:

Enhancing solar rooftop infrastructure support for low-income households and rural micro and small industries.



### **13. Community Facilities Electrification:**

Electrification of community facilities, including electric vehicle charging stations, schools, medical centers, religious places, and water supply systems, through solar energy by 2030.

### **14. Energy Storage Promotion:**

Promoting energy storage facilities to address the intermittency of renewable energy sources, considering options like pumped hydro, batteries, and concentrated solar power with molten salt.

### **15. Technology-Driven Solutions:**

Promoting technology-driven and digital interface solutions for electricity users.

### **16. Renewable Energy Export:**

Developing a renewable energy export strategy to cater to the clean energy needs of other states.

### **17. Transmission Network Expansion:**

Expanding the transmission network and strengthening existing inter-regional transmission links, including green energy corridors.

### **18. Green Hydrogen Production:**

Expanding the production of green hydrogen, benefiting industries such as petrochemical and fertilizer.

### **19. Energy Efficiency Action Plan:**

Conceptualizing a State Energy Efficiency Action Plan to promote energy conservation and sustainability.

### **20. Renewable Energy Manufacturing:**

Promoting industries manufacturing renewable energy systems and components.

### **21. Investment Priority for Less Developed Regions:**

Prioritizing less developed regions for early investment in the sector to bridge regional disparities.





## 9.3 ROADWAYS & TRANSPORT

### Revitalizing the Road Network:

#### 01. Strategic Corridor Development:

We are dedicated for creating strategic corridors that connect economic hubs and districts, with a particular emphasis on DMIC region. This initiative aims to promote efficient trade and commerce.

#### 02. Rural Road Enhancement:

Focusing on rural development, we commit to enhancing and expanding rural roads. This effort aims to facilitate agricultural product marketing and uplift farming communities across the state.

#### 03. Connectivity for Key Sectors:

Agro-based industries and mining areas will witness the establishment of strengthened road networks. This strategic move aims to improve connectivity for these vital sectors, fostering overall economic growth.

#### 04. Transparent Maintenance with GWMS:

To ensure transparent road maintenance and optimal budget utilization, we pledge to implement a GIS-based Work Monitoring System (GWMS), providing a robust framework for efficient infrastructure management.

#### 05. Road Safety Initiative:

Prioritizing road safety, our party commits to identifying and addressing deficiencies in road design. Real-time accident tracking through initiatives like the iRAD Project will be implemented to enhance overall safety standards.

#### 06. Road Safety Center of Excellence:

We will establish a dedicated Road Safety Center of Excellence to coordinate stakeholder efforts and elevate safety standards across the state.

### Transforming Public Transport:

#### 07. Institutional Framework Establishment:

Our commitment involves establishing a well-structured institutional framework for the public transport sector. This initiative will engage experts and stakeholders for comprehensive planning and development.





## 08. Affordable High-Frequency Services:

We pledge to introduce affordable, high-frequency public transport services connecting major economic centers. Special attention will be given to tribal regions to ensure accessibility for all citizens.

## 09. Modernization of Transport Terminals:

Transport terminals in all districts will undergo renovation and expansion, streamlining inter-city operations and enhancing the overall passenger experience.

## 10. GIS Technology for Efficiency:

Leveraging GIS technology, route information for public transport will be digitized. This step aims to regulate services more efficiently and enhance user convenience.

## 11. Comprehensive Public Transport Database:

We will establish a state-of-the-art Public Transport Database, gathering essential data to facilitate effective planning and continuous user-centric improvements.

## 12. Promotion of Sustainable Transport:

Our party will champion the adoption of clean fuel and electric vehicles, especially in urban areas. This transition will be supported by the development of a robust charging infrastructure.

## 13. Multi-Modal Electronic Ticketing:

Introducing a multi-modal electronic ticketing system will be a key initiative to ensure seamless travel throughout the state.

## Public-Private Partnerships (PPP)

### 14. Land Acquisition and Tendering Efficiency:

We shall ensure that the infrastructure projects undergo tendering only after completing land acquisition. This strategy aims to prevent unnecessary delays in project implementation.

### 15. Outcome-Based Contracts:

Embracing outcome-based, performance-oriented contracts for private partners will be a cornerstone of our approach. This ensures effective infrastructure maintenance and service delivery.



## 16. High-Accountability Frameworks in Social Sectors:

Exploring high-accountability contract frameworks in social sectors such as education and health will be a priority. This approach promotes government accountability and transparency in service delivery.

## 17. Affordable and Accessible Services:

Maintaining control over service tariffs, the INC Rajasthan pledges to ensure that services remain affordable and accessible to all citizens, prioritizing the well-being of the people.





## 9.4 MINING & MINERALS

### 01. Strategic Focus on Key Minerals:

- Establish a specialized task force to prioritize the exploration and extraction of nationally significant minerals, with a particular emphasis on potash and rare earth elements like tungsten.
- Develop and implement targeted policies and incentives to attract investments specifically for the extraction of these identified key minerals.

### 02. Geospatial Digitization and Modern Technology:

- Launch a comprehensive geospatial digitization initiative for mining areas to enhance data accuracy and accessibility.
- Invest in state-of-the-art monitoring technologies to track and assess the environmental impact of mining activities.
- Establish a dedicated unit for the remediation of mining sites, utilizing technology for efficient and sustainable rehabilitation.

### 03. Investment in Workforce Skilling:

- Allocate funds for the establishment of skill development centers focused on mining-related professions.
- Collaborate with educational institutions and industry experts to design and implement specialized training programs for mining workforce skilling.
- Facilitate partnerships between mining companies and vocational training institutions to provide hands-on experience for aspiring miners.

### 04. Research and Development for Innovation:

- Create a dedicated fund for research and development projects in the mining sector to encourage innovation.
- Foster collaboration between research institutions, mining companies, and technology startups to drive advancements in mineral extraction techniques.
- Establish technology hubs within mining regions to facilitate the transfer of innovative solutions to industry practices.

### 05. Promotion of M-sand for Sustainable Construction:

- Develop a nationwide awareness campaign to educate builders, contractors, and the public about the benefits of M-sand as an alternative to river sand.
- Provide financial incentives or tax breaks for construction projects that prioritize the use of M-sand.
- Collaborate with the construction industry to set quality standards for M-sand production, ensuring its widespread acceptance and usage.



## 9.5 INDUSTRY & TRADE

### 01. Establishment of Industrial Areas through RIICO:

- Identify and designate specific regions in Rajasthan with existing capabilities and future potential for industrial development.
- Empower the Rajasthan State Industrial Development and Investment Corporation (RIICO) to facilitate the establishment of industrial areas.
- Introduce special discounts and flexible payment terms for businesses operating within these designated industrial areas to encourage investment.

### 02. Delhi-Mumbai Industrial Corridor (DMIC) Collaboration:

- Collaborate with the Delhi-Mumbai Industrial Corridor (DMIC) initiative to leverage its framework for enhancing local value creation and promoting exports in Rajasthan.
- Work closely with DMIC authorities to integrate regional strengths and resources into the broader corridor development plan.

### 03. High-Speed Freight Corridor Industrial and Investment Zones:

- Identify key locations along the high-speed freight corridor between Delhi and Mumbai for the creation of industrial and investment zones.
- Develop a comprehensive strategy to attract businesses and investors to these zones, capitalizing on the logistical advantages of the corridor.

### 04. Khushkhera-Bhiwadi-Neemrana Investment Region:

- Establish the Khushkhera-Bhiwadi-Neemrana Investment Region as a Greenfield Integrated Township.
- Design the region as a model future city, emphasizing economic growth, innovation, and sustainable development.
- Integrate smart city technologies and sustainable practices in the planning and development of this investment region.

### 05. Sector-Specific Specialized Industrial Parks and Zones:

- Develop sector-specific industrial parks such as the Rajasthan Petro Zone (RPZ) in Barmer, Furniture Park, and Medical Devices Park in Jodhpur.
- Tailor infrastructure and regulatory frameworks in these parks to foster economic activities and growth in their respective sectors.



## 06. Green Hydrogen Valley SEZ:

- Establish a Green Hydrogen Valley Special Economic Zone (SEZ) to meet the demand for green hydrogen from fertilizer plants and refineries in Rajasthan and neighboring states.
- Incentivize research and development in green hydrogen technologies within the SEZ.

## 07. Fintech Park in Jaipur:

- Develop a Fintech Park in Jaipur to serve as a dedicated hub for the emerging fintech sector.
- Offer incentives and infrastructure support to attract investment in fintech companies, fostering innovation and creating employment opportunities for the youth.

## Logistic Based Industry

### 08. Development of Smart Industrial Parks:

- Establish 100 Industrial Parks and transform them into advanced smart parks.
- Equip these parks with ten sector-specific plug-and-play facilities for rapid and efficient setup of operations.

### 09. Integrated Industry Logistics Action Plan:

- Develop an Integrated Industry Logistics Action Plan to establish seamless linkages between industries and the state's logistics and connectivity infrastructure.
- Foster collaboration between industries and logistics stakeholders to optimize transportation and distribution networks.

### 10. Leverage Logistics Hub Status:

- Utilize Rajasthan's Logistics Hub Status to attract investments and create new job opportunities in logistics-related industries.

## Petroleum

### 11. Petroleum Industries Zone:

- Establish a dedicated Petroleum Industries Zone to attract innovative industries in the petroleum and petrochemical sector.
- Leverage the new joint venture refinery in Pachpadra, operational by 2025, to attract investors.

### 12. Renewable Energy for Green Hydrogen:

- Capitalize on Rajasthan's strengths in renewable energy, particularly in solar and wind power.
- Develop initiatives to harness renewable energy for the production of green hydrogen, contributing to carbon emissions reduction and promoting sustainability.

# Next Generation Industries

## 13. Investment in Sunrise Sectors:

- Allocate resources for investment in sunrise sectors, including green hydrogen, renewable energy manufacturing, alternative energy, medical 28 devices, electric vehicles, charging infrastructure, advanced battery technology, and more.

## 14. Partnerships with Academia:

- Forge strategic partnerships with academic institutions such as BITS Pilani, AIIMS, IIT Jodhpur, MNIT Jaipur, and newly announced institutes of excellence.
- Promote collaborative research, innovation, and skill development to create a skilled workforce aligned with the needs of next-generation industries.

## 15. Global R&D Partnerships:

- Establish global research and development partnerships with international technology providers.
- Facilitate knowledge exchange, technological innovation, and access to global markets to enhance the competitiveness of Rajasthan's next-generation industries.





## Rationalizing the Regulations

### 16. Maximum Registration, Minimum Regulation:

In our pursuit of economic vibrancy, we pledge to alleviate the compliance burden on Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs). We will establish Compliance Facilitation Centers and shared facilities, offering guidance and support, thereby reducing the compliance costs for our small enterprises.

### 17. One-Stop Shop System:

Streamlining the regulatory approval process is paramount. We commit to implementing a One-Stop Shop System, simplifying procedures, and offering a singular point of contact for investors, thus enhancing efficiency and transparency.

## Focusing on Emerging Technologies and Industries

### 18. Accelerating Industry Growth:

We aspire to propel the growth rate of our industries to an ambitious 8 percent, fostering economic prosperity for our state.

### 19. Electric Vehicles and R&D Incentives:

We will attract investments into Electric Vehicles, offering incentives for related research and development facilities, aligning our state with the future of sustainable mobility

### 20. Industry 4.0 and AI Advancement:

Embracing the era of Industry 4.0 and Artificial Intelligence, we will propel the auto manufacturing sector into a new phase of growth through initiatives like Additive Manufacturing, 3D Printing, Autonomous Robots, Agile Product Development, and Digital Manufacturing.

### 21. Electronic Manufacturing Clusters:

Our commitment to establishing Electronic Manufacturing Clusters and ESDM parks demonstrates our dedication to creating 29 innovative and competitive business zones, interconnected globally, with state-of-the-art infrastructure.



# Making Rajasthan the Leader in Ease of Doing Business:

## 22. Preferred Investment Destination:

We pledge to make Rajasthan India's most preferred investment destination and the number one state in Ease of Doing Business.

## 23. Speedy Dispute Resolution:

Implementing a speedy dispute resolution mechanism, our One Time Settlement (OTS) Policy initiative will bring swiftness and fairness to dispute resolution.

## 24. Unlocking Industrial Plots Potential:

Transparent policies will unlock the potential of vacant industrial plots, facilitating their reallocation to prospective buyers.

## 25. Industrial Safety Bureau:

A dedicated Industrial Safety Bureau will address critical safety concerns, ensuring the well-being of workers and the security of industrial facilities.

## 26. Infrastructure Upgradation Fund:

We commit to establishing a dedicated fund for the upgrade of infrastructure in existing industrial areas, ensuring a conducive environment for business growth.

## 27. Defence Production Zone:

A specialized zone for defence production will be created, attracting investments and bolstering national security.

## 28. Ease of Change in Land Use (CLU):

We will simplify and expedite the process of Change in Land Use, promoting flexibility for businesses.







## Promoting Green Initiatives

### 29. Green Buildings and Factories:

Emphasizing sustainability, we will promote the construction of Green Buildings and Green Factories, aligning our industries with global environmental standards.

### 30. Renewable Energy Incentives:

We will reconsider wheeling charges, withdraw Electricity Duty on auxiliary power consumption, and introduce an Amnesty Scheme to exempt industries from retrospective charges.

### 31. RIPS Cases Resolution:

Establishing a committee for the resolution of pending RIPS cases online will ensure a swift and transparent resolution process.

### 32. Mining and Healthcare as Industries:

Recognizing the vital role they play, we will categorize the Mining and Healthcare sectors as industries, encouraging growth and development.

### 33. MSME Facilitation Act:

Simplifying permissions on Land Conversion, Fire NoC, Pollution, Factories, and Boilers through the MSME Facilitation Act will ease the operational landscape for small enterprises. Also, we will increase the MSME incentive scheme.

### 34. Jodhpur Pali Marwar Industrial Complex:

Our vision includes the establishment of the Jodhpur Pali Marwar Industrial Complex in the Delhi-Mumbai FAT Corridor, a hub of industrial progress.

### 35. International Airport near Rohat (Pali):

Proposing an International Airport near Rohat (Pali), we aim to boost both industry and tourism, positioning Rajasthan as a global player.

### 36. Direct Allotment of Industrial Land:

Restarting the direct allotment of industrial land, we will simplify policies to expedite the process, fostering a business-friendly environment.

### 37. Promoting Traditional Industries:

We will actively promote Rajasthan's traditional textile industry, dyeing, and printing, preserving our rich cultural heritage.





## 9.6 INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT

### 01. Leveraging Existing IT Infrastructures

- Building on the foundation of Software Technology Parks in Jaipur and Jodhpur, we will position Rajasthan as the premier destination for IT businesses, capitalizing on the robust IT infrastructures already in place.

### 02. Supporting Start-ups and Innovation

- Our commitment to fostering a culture of innovation is unwavering. We will actively support startups, providing them with the resources and mentorship needed to thrive and contribute to Rajasthan's technological landscape.

### 03. Green Energy Supply

- Emphasizing sustainability, we recognize the importance of green energy. We pledge to provide a green energy supply, making Rajasthan an attractive choice for businesses committed to combating global warming and promoting eco-friendly practices.

### 04. Promotion of Technological Education

- To empower our youth and future generations, we will promote and provide quality technological education. This initiative aims to equip them with the skills necessary to contribute meaningfully to the IT sector and make them employable and resourceful.

### 05. Rajiv Gandhi Centre of Advanced Technology (R-CAT)

- The operation of R-CAT in Jaipur and Jodhpur is a strategic move towards advancing technological capabilities. We will continue to support and expand such initiatives to ensure Rajasthan remains at the forefront of technological advancement. In furtherance, we would also establish a Fintech University.

### 06. Affordable Living and Safe Housing:

- In our pursuit of creating vibrant communities, we commit to providing affordable living and safe housing for IT professionals. This not only improves their quality of life but also reduces the need for long and tiring commutes, fostering a conducive environment for professional growth.

### 07. Expansion to New Hubs - Ranpur near Kota:

- We envision the development of future, forward-looking IT hubs, with a particular focus on Ranpur near Kota. This expansion will not only decentralize growth but also bring the benefits of the IT sector to different regions of the state.



## 08. Expand IT Destinations Beyond Major Cities

- Recognizing the potential beyond major cities, we will actively work towards expanding IT destinations to smaller towns and cities, ensuring inclusive growth and development across the state.

## 09. Enhanced Connectivity - Dedicated Fiber Corridors

- We recognize the importance of connectivity in the digital age. To facilitate seamless communication, we will establish dedicated fiber corridors across the state, ensuring enhanced connectivity and accessibility for IT businesses





# 9.7 FOREST, ENVIRONMENT & WILDLIFE

## 01. Afforestation and Green Cover

- **Increase Green Cover:** Our commitment is to elevate the green cover of Rajasthan to 10% of the geographical area, fostering a healthier environment and sustainable living.
- **Afforestation Target:** By 2030, we aim to afforest an additional 4 lakh hectares of forest land, contributing significantly to biodiversity conservation and climate change mitigation

## 02. Protected Areas and Wildlife Corridors

- **Enhanced Protection:** We pledge to increase Protected Areas to cover 5% of the total geographic area, ensuring the preservation of our rich biodiversity.
- **Eco-Sensitive Zones and Wildlife Corridors:** With urgency, we will expedite the notification of Eco-Sensitive Zones and develop wildlife corridors to facilitate animal migration and habitat connectivity.

## 03. Regreening Efforts

- **Beyond Forests:** Our vision extends beyond forests. We commit to expanding regreening efforts to various non-forest areas, transforming the landscape with 20 crore plants planted outside forest areas by 2030.

## 04. Eco-Tourism and Wildlife Safaris

- **New Safaris and Eco-Tourism:** By 2030, we will introduce new safaris and eco-tourism activities in 25 locations, promoting sustainable tourism while preserving our natural heritage.

## 05. Grassland Development

- **Biodiversity Conservation:** We recognize the importance of grasslands in supporting biodiversity, climate change mitigation, agriculture, and clean water. Our commitment is to develop and conserve grasslands for a balanced ecosystem



## Waste Management

- 06. Biomedical and Industrial Waste:** Ensuring responsible waste management, we commit to proper disposal and treatment of biomedical and industrial waste, safeguarding public health and the environment.
- 07. STPs and CETPs:** We will increase the number of Sewage Treatment Plants (STPs) and Common Effluent Treatment Plants (CETPs) for effective wastewater management.
- 08. Zero Level Discharge:** Our goal is to achieve Zero Level Discharge for CETPs, minimizing environmental impact and promoting sustainable practices.

## Air Pollution Management

- 09. Prediction Systems:** We will develop advanced systems for predicting air pollution levels, enabling proactive measures to combat pollution.
- 10. Streamlined Environmental Clearances:** Business processes for environmental clearances will be streamlined, ensuring a balance between economic activities and environmental preservation.

## Climate Change Governance and Disaster Management

- 11. Strengthened Disaster Management:** Our commitment is to strengthen Disaster Management Authorities, focusing on training, capacity building, and community engagement for effective disaster response.
- 12. Food and Nutrition Security:** During emergencies, we will ensure food and nutrition security, prioritizing the well-being of our communities.
- 13. Water Conservation and Research:** Our initiatives in water conservation and research will contribute to sustainable water management, safeguarding this precious resource.



## Water for Life and Livelihood

- 14. Employment Opportunities:** Our water conservation efforts will generate direct employment opportunities in manufacturing, construction, and operation of green infrastructure assets.
- 15. Green Infrastructure:** State-of-the-art green infrastructure will attract industries, drive economic growth, and create employment opportunities for our skilled youth, ensuring a sustainable and prosperous future.





## 9.8 URBAN DEVELOPMENT

### Public Transport & Basic Infrastructure

- 01. Dedicated Transport Authority:**  
Establish a single dedicated transport authority for major metropolitan cities to seamlessly integrate various transport modes, ensuring efficient urban mobility.
- 02. Traffic Infrastructure:**  
Develop ring roads, bypass roads, and critical traffic infrastructure in large cities to alleviate congestion and streamline urban traffic.
- 03. Ward-Level Development Plans:**  
Adopt a bottom-up approach by preparing ward-level development plans for basic amenities and infrastructure, prioritizing the needs of local communities.
- 04. Street Peddlers Quota:**  
Allocate a 25% quota for street peddlers in new development areas to manage road activities effectively and ensure proper waste disposal.
- 05. Quality Infrastructure for Cities:**  
Improve city roads, drains, and footpaths with a focus on quality construction. Coordinate with infrastructure providers to minimize road cutting and disruptions.
- 06. Rainwater Harvesting:**  
Promote rainwater harvesting and enforce compliance with regulations to efficiently manage water resources.
- 07. Electric Vehicles:**  
Encourage the use of electric vehicles and establish e-charging facilities at public parking places and roadsides. Introduce e-Rickshaw-based local public transport in heritage areas.
- 08. Transport Nagar and Connectivity:**  
Develop Transport Nagar in large cities and provide connectivity to satellite towns through Intra-State Bus Terminal facilities.





## Solid & Liquid Waste Management

### 09. Comprehensive Drainage Plans:

Prepare comprehensive rainwater drainage plans for all cities, emphasizing the proper use of rainwater for various purposes.

### 10. Waterlogging Solutions:

Identify and address waterlogging issues on city roads through effective water harvesting solutions.

### 11. Waste Collection and Segregation:

Ensure 100% collection, segregation, and transportation of waste from households and commercial premises, fostering a clean environment.

### 12. RRR Centres and Municipal Waste Disposal:

Establish Resource Recovery and Recycling (RRR) Centres for plastic waste management and municipal waste disposal plants to enhance recycling practices.

### 13. Sewerage System Upgrade:

Upgrade city sewerage systems, replace damaged lines, and implement real-time monitoring for better wastewater management.

### 14. Waste Handling Machines:

Install pit/compost machines for public facility waste handling and promote home composting of wet waste.

### 15. Public Space Restoration:

Restore, conserve, and upgrade public spaces around water bodies, encouraging private participation in water source conservation.

## Housing

### 16. Simplified Housing Rules:

Simplify housing-related rules and introduce a Right to Housing legislation, making housing accessible and affordable.

### 17. Stamp Duty Exemption:

Exempt stamp duty for the registration of leases up to 600 square feet, providing relief to tenants.

### 18. Ownership Rights:

Grant ownership rights to ancestral houses, ensuring security for residents.

### 19. Equal Allocation:

Equalize the amount allocated for rural and urban housing to address housing needs across regions.





## 20. Slum Upgradation:

Implement slum upgradation initiatives with community participation, providing basic amenities in these areas.

## 21. Housing Finance and Subsidies:

Promote housing finance and subsidies for economically weaker sections to improve access to affordable housing.

## 22. Hostels and Shelter Homes:

Establish working women hostels, youth hostels, rental housing, shelter homes, and old age homes at district headquarters to address specific housing needs.

## Safety

### 23. Firefighting Services Strengthening:

Strengthen firefighting services by establishing a training center, expanding fire station coverage, and procuring advanced firefighting equipment.

### 24. Street Safety and Security:

Improve street safety and security by transitioning to solar-powered street lights, enhancing CCTV coverage, and adopting new maintenance technologies.

### 25. Cattle Yard Relocation:

Relocate cattle yards from urban areas to reduce accidents and ensure adequate cremation and burial facilities.

## Town Planning

### 26. New Town Planning Act:

Introduce a new Town Planning Act to adapt to urbanization's evolving needs, providing a legal framework for sustainable development.

### 27. Master Plans:

Develop master plans for newly constituted districts, guiding their growth and development effectively.

### 30. Land Pooling Scheme:

Develop plans under the Land Pooling Scheme Act-2016 to accommodate urban growth and future public facilities.

### 31. City Beautification Projects:

Implement City Beautification Projects with private participation to enhance urban aesthetics



## 28. GIS-Based Mapping:

Utilize GIS-based mapping for comprehensive zonal development and master plans, ensuring data-driven urban planning.

## 29. Public Facilities:

Construct Town Halls in cities with populations over 50,000 and municipal buildings in newly formed urban local bodies.

## 32. Regional Connectivity:

Develop new airstrips in all districts, ensuring regional connectivity.

## 33. Green and Pollution-Free Transport:

Promote electric and pollution-free public transport and high-speed train connectivity.





## 9.9 TOURISM

### Night Tourism and Market Programs

#### 01. Jaipur by Night:

Promote night tourism in Jaipur, enhancing the city's vibrancy after dark with cultural events, music, street food, and local art reminiscent of global festivals in Dubai and Goa.

#### 02. Evening Market Programs:

Involve markets in the evening with programs showcasing local art, culture, and music, fostering community engagement. Encourage participation from children, youth, and senior citizens for a diverse and inclusive experience.

#### 03. Alternate Tourism Promotion:

Explore niche tourism, monsoon tourism, salt tourism, and Night Bazaars, adding diverse experiences to Rajasthan's tourism offerings.

#### 04. Heritage-Based Urban Planning:

Adopt heritage-based urban planning and building regulations to preserve Rajasthan's legacy while fostering progress.

#### 05. Smart Travel Infrastructure:

Equip tourist destinations with advanced intelligent systems for seamless navigation, enhancing the overall travel experience.

### Medical Tourism

#### 06. Promoting Medical Tourism:

Leverage Rajasthan's top-notch medical facilities to promote medical tourism, boosting revenue and employment.

#### 07. Collaboration with Ministry of External Affairs:

Collaborate with the Ministry of External Affairs to facilitate international patients to Rajasthan and encourage airline operators to initiate flights from Jaipur.

#### 08. Ambassadors' Roundtable:

Invite Embassies to visit prominent hospitals, organizing an Ambassadors' Roundtable in Jaipur to showcase the state's medical facilities.



# Community-Based Inventorying and Documentation

## 09. Intangible Cultural Heritage Preservation:

Support communities in documenting intangible cultural heritage, empowering them to safeguard traditional practices and oral traditions.

## 10. PPP for Heritage Properties:

Explore Public-Private Partnerships for investing in the development and maintenance of heritage properties.

## 11. Digital Tourism Skills:

Improve digital tourism skills of the workforce, focusing on online marketing and social media proficiency to promote Rajasthan's cultural heritage.

## 12. Digitizing Legacy Music:

Digitize legacy audio collections and ballad traditions to preserve traditional music and cultural expressions.

## 13. Area and Circuit-Based Tourism Master Plan:

Assess infrastructure gaps in various circuits and develop proposals for addressing these gaps, including budgetary support and public-private partnerships.

## 14. MICE Tourism:

Promote Rajasthan as a Meetings, Incentives, Conferences, and Exhibitions (MICE) center, ensuring seamless travel within circuits.

## 15. Community Participation and Cleanliness:

Launch the Swachh Smarak Scheme to promote cleanliness at heritage sites and initiate social awareness campaigns for benchmarking cleanliness standards.

## 16. Accessible Tourism:

Implement physical design interventions like walkways, ramps, elevators, and accessible toilets at major tourist destinations for enjoyable experiences for all.

## 17. Airport Infrastructure:

Upgrade, repair, and modernize airports, construct new airfields, and enhance last-mile connectivity to tourist destinations for efficient air travel.

## 18. Information Signage and Display Boards:

Install signage and display boards at major monuments and wildlife parks for essential information. Establish tourist-friendly interpretation centers to enhance visitor experience.

## 19. Monument Conservation:

Collaborate with the Department of Archaeology and Museums for the conservation and restoration of monuments and tourist sites.



## 20. Iconic Tourist Destinations:

Develop iconic tourist destinations in every district by 2030, conserving historical monuments and highlighting lesser-known destinations.

## 21. Village Tourism and City Festival:

Promote village tourism and city festivals among locals initially, extending promotions to national and international tourists afterwards.

## 22. Tourism Unit Classification Scheme:

Introduce a scheme for the classification of tourism units, recognizing and regularizing existing hotels and establishments providing accommodation.

## 23. Special Tourism Zones:

Identify important tourist places as Special Tourism Zones, empowering District Tourism Development Committees for administration.

## 24. Capacity-Building for Heritage Site Managers:

Invest in capacity-building for heritage site managers, focusing on sustainable tourism practices and awareness of legislation and cultural practices.

## 25. Incentives for Private Investment:

Offer incentives to attract private investment in the development of tourism infrastructure within Special Tourism Zones.

## 26. Youth Awareness Campaigns:

Launch initiatives to raise awareness among youth about employment opportunities in the tourism and hospitality sector.

## 27. Online Platform for Tourism Interaction:

Establish an online platform for interaction and information exchange between youth, trainers, and the industry, providing details on training programs, job opportunities, and career guidance.

## 28. Upskilling and Reskilling:

Invest in upskilling and reskilling programs for tourism personnel, including foreign language training and cross-cultural communication.

## 29. Master Trainers Academy:

Collaborate with Rajasthan ILD Skills University to establish a Master Trainers Academy, ensuring high-quality training in tourism and hospitality-related skills.

## 30. Courses in Educational Institutions:

Encourage colleges and universities to introduce tourism and hospitality-related courses, preparing students for careers in the sector.

## 31. Steering Committee for SIHMs:

Form a Steering Committee to monitor State Institutes of Hotel Management (SIHMs) and ensure coordination between institutions, government, and the tourism industry.



### 32. Amendments to Tourism Trade Act:

Make suitable amendments to the Rajasthan Tourism Trade (Facilitation and Regulation) Act, empowering TAF personnel for more effective duties.

### 33. Coordination with Tourism Police:

:Coordinate Tourist Assistance Force activities with Tourism Police and regular police stations to improve security and assistance for tourists.

### 34. Soft Skills Training for TAF Personnel:

Provide soft skills training to TAF personnel to enhance their overall efficiency and interaction with tourists.

### 35. Safety and Information App:

Introduce a Safety and Information App for tourists, facilitating complaint registration, grievance redressal, and information access.

### 36. Incentives Under Rajasthan Investment Promotion Scheme:

Make start-ups in the tourism sector eligible for benefits under the Rajasthan Investment Promotion Scheme, encouraging investment and growth.

### 37. Market Research Support:

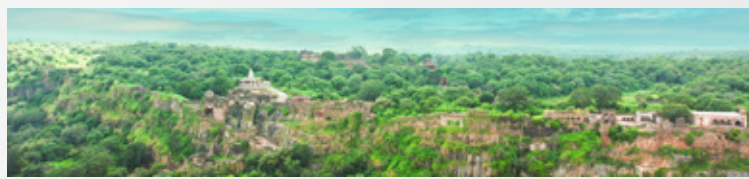
Provide market research support for tourism enterprises and start-ups to better understand market trends and consumer preferences.

### 38. Annual 'Rajasthan Start-up Tourism Connect':

Organize an annual event for start-ups in the tourism sector, connecting them with potential investors, industry experts, and government representatives.

### 39. Rajasthan Tourism Board:

Set up the Rajasthan Tourism Board to oversee and strategically manage the tourism sector in the state.





# SOCIAL WELFARE

We reaffirm our commitment to ensuring a dignified life for all social security pensioners, guaranteeing a minimum pension of Rs 1,000 per month and an annual increase of 15%.

## 10.1 CHILD WELFARE

### Healthcare for Every Child

A State Child Protection Policy will be formulated to safeguard children's rights and well-being.

#### 01. Free Quarterly Health Check-ups:

Ensure free quarterly health check-ups at all schools, fostering the health of school-going children.

#### 02. Free Treatment for Severe Conditions:

Provide free treatment, including for severe medical conditions like heart ailments, ensuring access to quality healthcare.

#### 03. HIV Screening and ART Availability:

Offer screening services for HIV and ensure the availability of life-saving Antiretroviral Therapy (ART) for affected children.

#### 04. BEAI Tests for Newborns:

Newborns will undergo BEAI tests for early detection and timely intervention in cases of congenital disorders.

#### 05. Support for Hearing and Speech Disabilities:

Children with hearing and speech disabilities will receive support from physicians trained in sign language, ensuring access to the care they need.





## Hygiene and Education

- 06. Sanitary Facilities in Anganwadis:**  
Equip all Anganwadis with sanitary facilities and provide free sanitary pads to ensure the dignity and hygiene of young girls.
- 07. Mid-Day Meals up to 12th Standard:**  
Provide mid-day meals up to the 12th standard to ensure children have access to nutrition throughout their schooling.
- 08. Community Libraries:**  
Advocate for the establishment of community / mobile libraries in both rural and urban areas to enrich the learning experience for all children.
- 09. Cyber and Online Safety Education:**  
Educate children on cyber and online safety to ensure their well-being in the digital world.
- 10. Separate Child Care Institutions:**  
Operate separate child care institutions for boys and girls in all districts, equipped with improved library and communication facilities.

## Ensuring Safety and Inclusivity

- 11. Dedicated Complaint Portal:**  
Create a dedicated complaint portal for crimes against children and tackle online bullying to protect youngsters.
- 12. Document Support for Abandoned Children:**  
Ensure abandoned or orphaned children receive crucial documents like Aadhar Cards and Caste Certificates.
- 13. Disability-Friendly School Buildings:**  
Make all school buildings disability-friendly to ensure every child can access quality education.
- 14. Autism-Friendly Assessments:**  
Recognizing the unique needs of autistic children, introduce Multiple Choice Question (MCQ) based question papers.
- 15. Braille and Sign Language Resources:**  
Install Braille and sign language resources at all public places.
- 16. Officials Trained in Sign Language:**  
Appoint officials trained in sign language at public places such as courts, hospitals, and bus stands to facilitate effective communication.
- 17. Separate Washrooms and Scholarships for Disabled Children:**  
- Create separate washrooms for disabled children.  
- Provide a monthly scholarship of Rs. 1000 to support their education.





## Accessibility for All

- 18. School Buses and Hostel Facilities:** Provide school buses and residential hostel facilities for children from desert regions to ensure access to education.
- 19. Identification Documents for Nomadic Community Children:** Nomadic community children will receive official identification documents, celebrating their rich history and contributions to culture.
- 20. Children's Rights Commission:** Create a dedicated Children's Rights Commission to safeguard and advocate for the rights of Rajasthan's children.
- 21. Development of Anganwadis as Creches:** Foster inclusive and nurturing environments by developing Anganwadis as creches.
- 22. Prevention of Child labour and Marriage:** Along with prevention of child labor, strict efforts would be taken to prevent child marriages.





## 10.2 SC/ST, OBC & MBC WELFARE

### 01. Establishment of Equal Opportunities Commission

- Establish an Equal Opportunities Commission to ensure equal opportunities and fair representation, upholding the rights of all citizens.

### 02. Carry Forward of Unfilled Reserved Quotas

- Reserved quotas not filled will be carried forward for three years, ensuring sustained efforts to meet representation targets.

### 03. Inclusion of Dr. Bhimrao Ambedkar's Life and Ideals in Curriculum

- Include a course on the life and ideals of Dr. Bhimrao Ambedkar in the curriculum of the Rajasthan Board of Secondary Education, promoting awareness and understanding of his contributions.

### 04. Reservation Adjustments

- Modify the percentage of reservation for SC/ST and OBC in accordance with the actual population to be enumerated in the census.

### 05. Educational Support

- Provide scholarships of Rs 3000 per month to children of SC/ST, OBC, minority, and EWS categories to support their education in recognized schools.

### 06. Rights Safeguarding

- Effectively implement the Occupation Act 1996 and the Forest Rights Act 2006 to safeguard tribal rights over water, forests, and land.

### 07. Promotion of Dr. Ambedkar's Legacy:

- Establish digital libraries in Ambedkar Bhawans.
- Declare Dr. Ambedkar foundation as a Centre for Research and Development Studies.
- Establish Dr. Ambedkar Study Centers in every university funded by the State government.
- Simplify and ensure timely delivery of SC/ST scholarships.



## 08. Entrepreneurship Support:

- Provide collateral-free loans to entrepreneurs belonging to socially oppressed castes.
- Special provisions for SC/ST/MBC/OBC farmers in agriculture and farming sectors.

## 09. Reservation in Various Sectors:

- Implement reservations in various contract employments contracted by the government.
- Extend reservations to office-bearers of cooperative societies.

## 10. Community Harmony Initiatives:

- Form reconciliation and camaraderie committees at the district level to address hatred and enmity between communities.

## 11. Digital Literacy for Marginalized:

- Develop digital literacy among Dalit/Adivasi children and women through a special program.

## 12. Tribal Welfare:

- Establish research centers, training facilities, and museums in Jaipur and Udaipur to nurture tribal youth.
- Conduct a socio-economic census to enumerate Nomadic-Pastoral tribes.
- Protect and conserve historical heritage sites of tribals.
- Strive to declare Mangarh as a National Tribal Memorial.

## 13. Sanitation Worker Empowerment:

- Declare Maharishi Valmiki's birth anniversary as a public holiday.
- Establish Rajya Valmiki Kalyan Board and Safai Karmachari Vitta Evam Vikas Nigam.
- Provide compensation and government jobs to families of sanitation workers who are not fully medically fit to continue in service.
- Phase out contract sanitary workers in lieu of direct employment in Government departments and local bodies.
- Would strive to provide 50,000 jobs to sanitation workers with a major thrust on the Valmiki community.
- Extend loans and financial support to Valmiki Samaaj and Safai Karmcharis.



## 14. Atrocity Prevention and Simplification:

- Appoint honest and impartial officers to reduce atrocities on Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes.
- Simplify the process of obtaining a caste certificate.
- Transform the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes sub-plan into an Act.
- Reserve 25% of the SC/ST sub-plan for SC/ST women.
- Establish fast track courts for adjudicating atrocity cases and revenue matters related to SC/ST.
- Strengthen the grievance redressal framework.

## 15. Streamlining Processes

- Enforce laws to free agricultural lands of SC/ST and provide them to deserving beneficiaries.
- Provide training and support to Dalit children and women.
- Enforce guidelines and training for police and administration to combat atrocities against Dalit women.
- Implement economic empowerment programs for Dalit women.

## 16. OBC/MBC Welfare

- Continue reservation for Most Backward Classes (MBC) with relaxation in age limits and promotion benefits.
- Increase the annual budget for the Devnarayan Yojana.
- Provide scholarships and incentives to students and Ph.D. candidates from the MBC category.
- Extend loans and BMCs to MBC cattle herders.
- Promote registered women's cooperative societies among MBC cattle herders.
- Extend agriculture and domestic electricity connections to MBC residents.

## 17. De-Notified Tribes (DNT) Empowerment:

- Establish new norms to enable Nomadic tribes to get permanent identity documents.
- Establish a research institute specializing in the Nomadic de-notified tribes.
- Develop special programs to bring DNT children into mainstream education.
- Develop special programs to address malnutrition among DNT women.



## 10.3 MINORITY WELFARE

### 01. Robust Minority Development Policy

- Draft and implement a robust Minority Development Policy in consultation with community leaders and experts to address the unique needs and concerns of minority communities.

### 02. Sufficient Budgetary Allocation

- Commit to sufficient budgetary allocation for the Minority Department to ensure a more equitable share of the state budget for supporting minority development initiatives.

### 03. Efficient Recruitment Processes

- Develop and implement a time-bound plan to fill all existing vacancies within the Minority Department, prioritizing efficient and transparent recruitment processes.

### 04. Formation of Empowered Committee for Minorities

- We will constitute an Empowered Committee to study the social, economic and educational conditions of minorities and implement the recommendations made by them and establish a monitoring mechanism to ensure effective implementation of the same.

### 05. Renovation of Sikh Pilgrimage Centers

- Undertake a comprehensive renovation of Sikh pilgrimage centers, such as Budha Johar in Sriganganagar, in collaboration with Sikh community leaders and religious authorities.

### 06. Re-start Pre-Metric Scholarship

We will urge the central government to re-start the pre-metric scholarship provided to minorities

### 07. Reservation according to population

After caste census, we will undertake to provide reservation as per their population.





## 10.4 PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED, DESTITUTE & ELDERLY

### 01. Ration Card Benefits

- Ensure entitled benefits for ration card holders, with doorstep delivery for senior citizens, children, and people with disabilities.

### 02. Grievance Redressal Committee

- Establish a Grievance Redressal Committee at the state level to assist senior citizens, destitutes, and people with disabilities.

- Convene the committee once every three months to address the issues presented before them.

### 03. Simplified Loan Procedures

- Ensure simplified loan procedures to assist people with disabilities towards self-employment.

### 04. Enhanced Employment Opportunities

- Provide an additional 100 working days for physical handicaps under the Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA).





## 10.5 EX-SERVICEMEN WELFARE

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### 01. Welfare of Ex-Servicemen:

We are committed to review and relook at all the welfare schemes, and policies which have been made available to Ex-Servicemen in accordance with their demands.

### 02. Integration of CSD with PDS:

Explore the integration of Canteen Stores Department (CSD) with the Public Distribution System (PDS).

### 03. Integration of ECHS with PHCs:

Integrate the Ex-servicemen Contributory Health Scheme (ECHS) with Primary Health Centers (PHCs).

### 04. Shahid Smarak Engravings:

Engrave the names of martyrs on the Shahid Smaraks of their respective districts.

### 05. Paramilitary Forces:

We are committed to provide facilities and appropriate rights to protect their dignity.



# ADMINISTRATION

## 11.1 GOVERNANCE

### 01. Caste Census:

Conduct a caste census for informed decisions on affirmative action.

### 02. Vidhan Parishad:

Bring the Vidhan Parishad to Rajasthan for wider participation.

### 03. Legislation for Time-Bound Recruitment:

Introduce legislation for a time-bound government recruitment process.

### 04. Development Authority for Twin Towns:

Establish a Development Authority for Twin Towns.

### 05. Annual Audits

Implement mandatory annual audits for government and grant-in-aid institutions.

### 06. Rationalized Budget Allocation:

Rationalize district-wise budget allocation with extra support for less developed districts.

### 07. Government Department Rationalization:

Rationalize and consolidate government departments for efficient resource utilization.

## Swift Justice & Police Reform

### 08. Fast-Track Courts:

Expedite trials of all criminals in fast-track courts within 6 months.

### 09. Strict Punishment for Police Bias:

Enforce strict punishment for police officers engaging in bias and discrimination.

### 10. Administrative Division Adjustments:

Adjust administrative divisions based on population changes in villages and cities.





## Data-Driven Governance

### 11. Data-Driven Governance Culture:

Establish a culture of data-driven governance with data analytics.

### 12. Jan Aadhaar Foundation:

Expand the use of Jan Aadhaar as the foundation for government databases.

### 13. Cloud-Based Services:

Provide cloud-based services to all government departments.

### 14. Jan Sookna Portal Strengthening:

Strengthen the Jan Sookna Portal for proactive disclosure.

### 15. Technology Adoption:

Promote technology adoption in various sectors.

### 16. IT Hubs and Clusters:

Focus on creating IT hubs and clusters across the state.

### 17. Recognition of IT/ITES Companies:

Recognize IT/ITeS companies established in Tier II cities under various categories.

### 18. District-level Emergency Operation Centers:

Establish District-level State Emergency Operation Centers for disaster response.

### 19. Fiber Corridors to Gram Panchayats:

Set up dedicated fiber corridors extending to Gram Panchayat levels.

## Eliminating Corruption and Enhancing Governance

### 20. Zero Discretion Policies:

Introduce zero discretion policies to eliminate corruption and harassment.

### 21. Transition to Cashless System:

Transition to a cashless system of governance.

### 22. Warranty on Work Delivered:

Guarantee a minimum 5-year warranty on work delivered by contractors, with blacklisting for complaints.

### 23. Local Purchases by Contractors:

Encourage turnkey contractors to make at least 50% of purchases from within the state.

### 24. Timely Proceedings of Corruption Cases:

Ensure timely proceedings of corruption cases against government officials, with accused officers receiving reduced salaries during proceedings.



## 25. Direct Transfer of Fertilizer Subsidies:

Directly transfer fertilizer subsidies to farmers' accounts.

## 26. Rotation of Officers:

Implement a policy of not posting officers in one location for more than 3 years.

# Strengthened Police Oversight and Human Resource Management

## 27. CCTV Surveillance Expansion:

Extend CCTV surveillance to all Gram Panchayats and urban wards.

## 28. Digital Mobile Network Implementation:

Implement a digital mobile network in all districts.

## 29. Modernization of Police Stations:

Modernize police stations with advanced communication technologies.

## 30. e-Challan Facilities Expansion:

Extend e-Challan facilities to towns administered by Municipal Boards.

## 31. Increase in Police-to-Population Ratio:

Increase the police-to-population ratio and expand the number of Police Mitra and Gram Rakshak.

## 32. Job Rotation within the Police Department:

Ensure job rotation within and outside the police department to expose employees to different roles and perspectives.

# Human Resource Management

## 33. Online Portal for Recruitment:

Create an online portal for streamlined recruitment processes.

## 34. Strengthened Recruitment Agencies:

Strengthen recruitment agencies for efficient and transparent recruitment.

## 35. Reduction of Service Rules:

Reduce the number of service rules from 157 to 7.

## 36. Additional Increments through Departmental Examinations:

Include provisions for additional increments through departmental examinations.

## 37. Decentralized APAR System:

Decentralize the Annual Performance Appraisal Report (APAR) system for better employee evaluation.



## Training & Capacity Building

### 38. Diverse Training Catalog:

Develop a diverse training catalog aligned with evolving needs and technological advancements.

### 39. Centers of Excellence:

Establish Centers of Excellence within each training institute.

### 40. Mandatory Training Programs:

Introduce mandatory training programs for government functionaries.

### 41. Mentorship Programs:

Implement mentorship programs to groom new appointees under the guidance of experienced officers.

### 42. Funding for Capacity Building:

Allocate funding for capacity building within each department.

## Old Pension Scheme

### 43. Reintroduction of Old Pension Scheme:

Reintroduce the Old Pension Scheme with a strategy to counterbalance the financial burden through measures designed to improve productivity, accountability, and responsiveness to public needs.

## Local Revenue Generation

### 44. Digitization of Land Records:

Digitize land records to benefit farmers and streamline land-related processes

### 45. Establishment of Committee:

Form a Municipal Revenue Research Committee at the state level to study and enhance urban administration revenues and structures.



## 11.2 LAW & ORDER

### 01. Stringent Legal Measures for Hate Speech:

Implement and enforce stringent legal measures to address and penalize individuals engaged in hate speech.

### 02. Action Plan Against Crimes on Women and Children:

Develop and implement a comprehensive action plan focused on combating crimes against women and children.

### 03. Specialized Units for Violence Cases:

Allocate specialized units and resources to handle cases involving violence or abuse against women and children.

### 04. Increased Representation of Women in Police:

Set a target to increase the representation of women in the police force to 33% of the total strength.

### 05. Reservation for Gender Minorities:

Appropriate reservation for Gender Minorities in police recruitment.

### 06. Outreach Programs for Women in Law Enforcement:

Implement outreach and recruitment programs to encourage more women to join law enforcement.

### 07. Construction of New Police Stations:

Launch a program to construct new police stations in areas with increased demand and population growth.

### 08. Renovation of Existing Police Stations:

Allocate funds for the renovation of existing police stations, ensuring they are equipped with modern facilities.

### 09. Integration of Technological Tools:

Integrate state-of-the-art technological tools to enhance the capabilities of the police force.

### 10. Implementation of NCPCR Guidelines:

Implement the guidelines provided by the National Commission for Protection of Child Rights (NCPCR) for child-friendly police stations.

### 11. Expedited Recruitment Process:

Prioritize and expedite the recruitment process to fill all vacancies within the police department and establish a system for regular and transparent communication on recruitment updates.

### 12. Police Welfare Centers:

Create Police Welfare Centers in every district to cater to the well-being of both serving and retired police personnel.



# 12 ART & CULTURE

## Establishment of Film City

### 01. Timely Planning and Construction:

Initiate the planning and construction of a state-of-the-art Film City within the first year of the tenure.

### 03. Conducive Environment for Creativity:

Create a conducive environment for creativity, innovation, and collaboration within the Film City.

### 02. Collaboration with Industry Experts:

Collaborate with industry experts and stakeholders to ensure the facility meets international standards for filmmaking.

## New Cultural Policy Formulation

### 04. Committee of Cultural Experts:

Convene a committee of cultural experts, artists, and stakeholders to draft a comprehensive Cultural Policy for Rajasthan.

### 06. Public Consultations for Inclusivity:

Conduct public consultations to gather input from the community and ensure inclusivity in cultural policy formulation.

### 05. Promotion and Protection of Diverse Art Forms:

Prioritize the promotion and protection of diverse art forms and cultural genres in the policy.



## Training Centers for Folk Artisans

### 07. Specialized Training Centers:

Set up specialized training centers modeled after the Indian Institute of Craft and Design to focus on folk artisans.

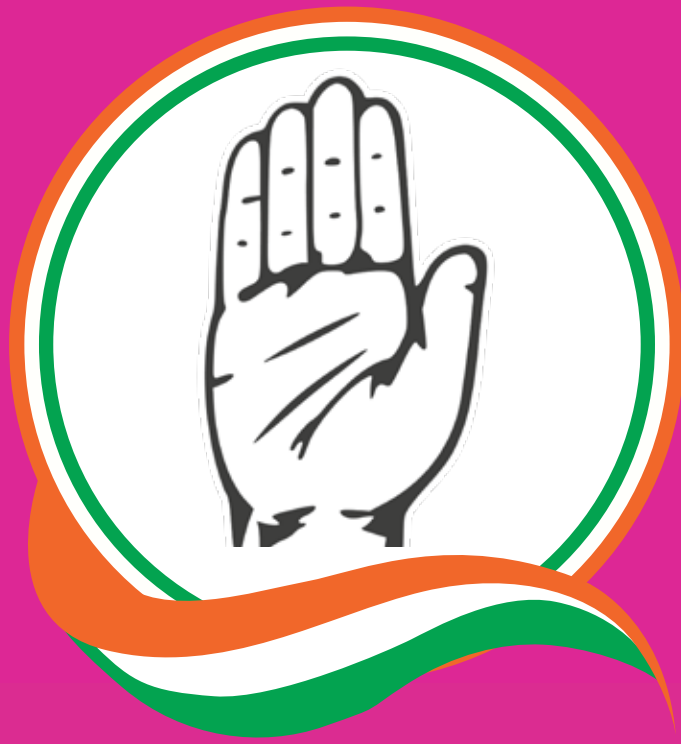
### 08. Skill Enhancement Programs:

Design and implement skill enhancement programs tailored to the specific needs of folk artisans.

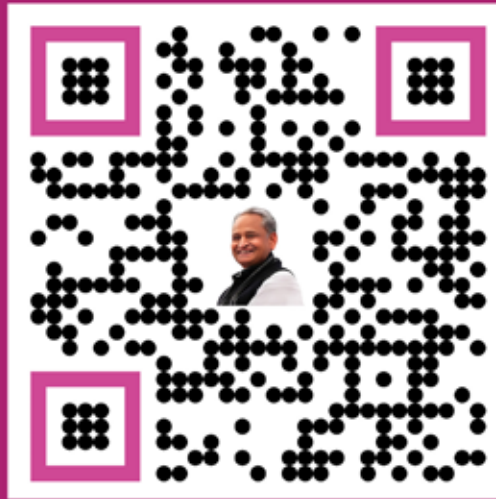
### 09. Capacity-building Initiatives:

Provide special impetus for capacity-building initiatives, fostering the growth and sustainability of traditional crafts.





आपके लिये  
मुख्यमंत्री का संदेश



स्कैन करें

टैप करें 

क्लिक करें 